CCR RULE GROUNDWATER MONITORING CERTIFICATION

COAL ASH PONDS ELMER SMITH STATION DAVIESS COUNTY OWENSBORO, KENTUCKY

Prepared For: OWENSBORO MUNICIPAL UTILITIES OWENSBORO, KENTUCKY



Prepared By: CIVIL & ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS, INC. PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

CEC Project 164-014

OCTOBER 17, 2017 (AMENDMENT NO. 2 OCTOBER 2021)



Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

1.0		RODUCTION Purpose	
	1.1		
2.0	SITH	E OVERVIEW	
	2.1	Background	. 3
	2.2	Hydrogeologic Setting	
		2.2.1 Hydrogeologic Characteristics	4
3.0	GRO	DUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM	
	3.1	Monitoring Well Selection	. 7
	3.2	Well Construction	. 9
4.0	GRC	OUNDWATER MONITORING CERTIFICATION	.11

FIGURES

Figure 1 – Site Location Map	
Figure 2 – Site & Vicinity Aerial Map	
Figure 3a – Potentiometric Surface Map (May 13, 2020)	

Figure 3b – Potentiometric Surface Map (June 30, 2021)

TABLE

Table 1 – Groundwater Elevation Summary

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Groundwater Monitoring System Boring Logs and Well Construction Diagrams

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) issued 40 CFR §257, Subpart D, *Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals from Electric Utilities* (CCR Rule) on April 17, 2015. The CCR Rule regulates disposal of CCR in new and active landfills and impoundments.

The CCR Rule states the following criteria for a groundwater monitoring system (GMS) (40 CFR §257.91):

(a) *Performance standard.* The owner or operator of a CCR unit must install a GMS that consists of a sufficient number of wells, installed at appropriate locations and depths, to yield groundwater samples from the uppermost aquifer that:

(1) Accurately represent the quality of background groundwater that has not been affected by leakage from a CCR unit. A determination of background quality may include sampling of wells that are not hydraulically upgradient of the CCR management area where:

(i) Hydrogeologic conditions do not allow the owner or operator of the CCR unit to determine what wells are hydraulically upgradient; or

(ii) Sampling at other wells will provide an indication of background groundwater quality that is as representative or more representative than that provided by the upgradient wells; and

(2) Accurately represent the quality of groundwater passing the waste boundary of the CCR unit. The downgradient monitoring system must be installed at the waste boundary that ensures detection of groundwater contamination in the uppermost aquifer. All potential contaminants must be monitored.

(b) The number, spacing, and depths of monitoring systems shall be determined based upon site-specific technical information that must include thorough characterization of:

(1) Aquifer thickness, groundwater flow rate, groundwater flow direction including seasonal and temporal fluctuations in groundwater flow; and

(2) Saturated and unsaturated geologic units and fill materials overlying the uppermost aquifer, materials comprising the uppermost aquifer, and materials comprising the confining unit defining the lower boundary of the uppermost aquifer, including, but not limited to, thicknesses, stratigraphy, lithology, hydraulic conductivities, porosities and effective porosities.

(c) The GMS must include the minimum number of monitoring wells necessary to meet the performance standards specified in paragraph (a) of this section, based on the sitespecific information specified in paragraph (b) of this section. The GMS must contain:

(1) A minimum of one upgradient and three downgradient monitoring wells; and

(2) Additional monitoring wells as necessary to accurately represent the quality of background groundwater that has not been affected by leakage from the CCR unit and the quality of groundwater passing the waste boundary of the CCR unit.

The CCR Rule continues to outline well installation, development, sampling, and decommissioning requirements. The CCR Rule requires the owner or operator to obtain a certification from a qualified professional engineer stating that the GMS has been designed and constructed as outlined here. A record of the certification must be placed in the facility's operating record and the publicly accessible internet site and the state must be notified that the information is available.

Owensboro Municipal Utilities (OMU) installed a GMS near the Coal Ash Ponds located at their Elmer Smith Station (ESS) unit (the "Site") to comply with the CCR Rule. OMU retained Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc. (CEC) to assist with the design, installation and sampling of the GMS, and the preparation of this report. This report has been amended to provide documentation regarding installation of an additional GMS monitoring well (MW-9) in accordance with the requirements of the CCR Rule.

2.0 SITE OVERVIEW

2.1 BACKGROUND

The Ash Pond area associated with the Site is less than 10 acres in size and consists of three separate unlined ash settling basins (Ponds 1, 2, and 3). A Site Location Map and a Site and Vicinity Aerial Map showing the location of the Ash Ponds are provided as Figures 1 and 2, respectively. OMU historically operated two coal-fired power generating units at the Site. Power Generation Unit 1 was idled in June 2019, and Power Generation Unit 2 was idled in May 2020. The basins were not used for the disposal of CCR but for the temporary storage of CCR material prior to being excavated and transported off-site for disposal or beneficial re-use. Pond 1 was used for Unit 1 boiler slag; Pond 2 received other ash and water plant blowdown (lime softening sludge); and, Pond 3 received no ash directly and was used for final settling prior to discharge to the adjacent Ohio River under a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. Other plant discharges, including coal pile runoff, Flue Gas Desulfurization (FGD) blowdown, roof and floor drains, etc. were also conveyed through the ponds. Based on a review of aerial images, topographic contour data from the USGS National Map, Owensboro East Quadrangle, a Site map prepared by others labeled "Structural Fill Finish Grading" dated August 28, 1962¹, and visual observations made by OMU personnel during pond dredging activities, the Ash Ponds appear to be incised in the native soils to a depth of approximately 12 to 15 feet below ground surface (bgs).

Permanent groundwater monitoring wells were not previously installed at the ESS Ash Pond area and no prior groundwater monitoring had been conducted prior to the GMS installation. To comply with the Federal CCR Rule (Section §257.91) published April 17, 2015, permanent groundwater monitoring wells were installed to meet the GMS performance standard.

¹ Drawing No. S-7 "Structural Finish Grading", prepared by Black & Veatch, dated August 28, 1962.

2.2 HYDROGEOLOGIC SETTING

Subsurface conditions encountered at the Site, as evidenced by the soil borings advanced in association with a preliminary Hydrogeologic investigation and the permanent GMS wells, are consistent with Quaternary-aged alluvium, and buried outwash (Tazewell age) typically found within the Ohio River Valley². Variable thicknesses of fine-grained silt and clay lenses are interbedded with deposits of coarser-grained, poorly-graded sand beneath a thin veneer of topsoil, crushed stone fill, or other fill material. The near-surface fine-grained deposits are thicker near the Ohio River, and decrease in thickness away from the river towards the southeast, where sand becomes the predominant soil type. A low-permeability clay layer was encountered at depths ranging from about 26 to 43 feet bgs, varying in thickness from approximately 1 foot to over 16 feet, with an increasing trend in the thickness of this layer towards the south/southeast. The clay layer is underlain by saturated, coarse-grained deposits that constitute the uppermost aquifer at the Site. Aquifer saturated thickness in the vicinity of the Site ranges from approximately 60 to 100 feet². Based on the depth to groundwater and the reported depth of the Ash Ponds, it does not appear that groundwater is in direct communication with the Ash Ponds. Lithology encountered in the borings advanced for the monitoring wells that comprise the GMS is documented in the boring logs included in Appendix A.

2.2.1 Hydrogeologic Characteristics

Groundwater occurs within the coarse-grained deposits that constitute the uppermost aquifer at the Site. Depth to water measurements collected from the GMS monitoring well network to date have ranged from 34.75 feet below top of casing (BTOC) to 74.31 feet BTOC. Static groundwater elevations on-site have ranged from 346.80 feet above mean sea level (AMSL) to 370.29 feet AMSL. The normal pool elevation of the adjacent Ohio River in the vicinity of ESS is

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² Geohydrology and Simulation of Ground-Water Flow for the Ohio River Alluvial Aquifer near Owensboro, Northwestern Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigation Report 96-4274. 1997. Figure 7.

approximately 358 feet AMSL³. Potentiometric data are summarized on Table 1 and shown on Figures 3a and 3b.

Groundwater elevation measurements obtained during the May 13, 2020 groundwater monitoring event indicated that the groundwater flow direction was to the southeast at an approximate average hydraulic gradient of 0.002, which was consistent with previous findings. This flow direction is contrary to what is typically observed in this type of hydrogeologic setting, where groundwater flow is typically towards the adjacent surface water body, such that this trend of groundwater flow to the southeast was interpreted to be a result of the pumping influence from the 11 nearby water production wells (Figure 2) associated with municipal water production operations at OMU's Cavin Water Treatment Plant, which has a capacity of up to 30 million gallons per day.

Groundwater elevation measurements obtained during the December 2, 2020 groundwater monitoring event and during a confirmatory monitoring event conducted on February 11, 2021, indicated that the groundwater flow direction was to the southwest at an approximate average hydraulic gradient of 0.001. While the gradient appears to be consistent with prior findings, the flow direction is not and this change in groundwater flow direction is interpreted to be a result of OMU terminating the operation of the production wells in the vicinity of the Ash Ponds in October 2020 and activating a well field about 1 mile to the southwest and downstream of ESS to generate groundwater for treatment and distribution to its drinking water customers. Groundwater flow patterns at the Site are interpreted to currently be in a state of flux as they transition from the pumping-induced state created by the former operation of the production wells proximate to ESS to a state that is consistent with present-day conditions, which includes a combination of influence from the new production wells pumping to the southwest and the groundwater-surface water interactions of the adjacent Ohio River.

Hydraulic conductivity of the uppermost aquifer was not evaluated as part of the GMS installation process; however, based on published scientific reports, the Site is located in an area where

³Ohio River Navigation Charts from Cairo, Illinois to Foster, Kentucky (June 2010). U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Louisville District. Chart No. 53.

horizontal hydraulic conductivity values are estimated to range from approximately 126 to 157 feet per day⁴.

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⁴Geohydrology and Simulation of Ground-Water Flow for the Ohio River Alluvial Aquifer near Owensboro, Northwestern Kentucky. U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigation Report 96-4274. 1997. Figure 11.

3.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM

3.1 MONITORING WELL SELECTION

The GMS consists of nine monitoring wells. While initially used for both groundwater elevation and quality monitoring, monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-3 have been used to monitor groundwater elevation exclusively since May 2017. Monitoring wells MW-2, MW-4, MW-5, MW-6, MW-7, and MW-8 have been utilized to monitor both groundwater elevation and groundwater quality. Monitoring well MW-9 was added in 2021 in response to the shifting groundwater flow direction and a detection of selenium at a statistically significant level (SSL) in MW-6 that was identified in December 2020. MW-9 serves to monitor both groundwater elevation and groundwater quality downgradient from the Ash Ponds.

As noted above in Section 2.2.1, the groundwater pumping at the municipally-operated well field and proximity of the Ash Ponds to the Ohio River created a unique hydrogeologic setting where there was not an ideal location to establish background groundwater quality conditions (i.e., groundwater that does not have the potential to be affected by leakage from a CCR unit). Therefore, two monitoring wells (MW-2 and MW-7) were used to establish and monitor background groundwater conditions. While MW-2 has historically been hydraulically upgradient, this was interpreted to be an artificial condition created by the former operation of the production wells proximate to the Ash Ponds. MW-7 was selected as a secondary location to represent background conditions based on its hydraulic position and distance from the Ash Ponds.

The remainder of the GMS wells were strategically located taking into account the possibility that production well operations may eventually terminate and cause a shift in the groundwater flow direction back towards the Ohio River. With groundwater flow direction being consistently observed to the southeast from 2016 through mid-2020, MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6 have been used to monitor water quality of groundwater passing the boundary of the CCR unit. These wells were placed as close as possible to the CCR unit boundary to provide for detection of groundwater contamination in the uppermost aquifer. GMS wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3, which have been used used as background/upgradient wells (MW-2) and to monitor groundwater elevation (MW-1 and

MW-3) were also positioned for use as downgradient monitoring wells in the event that production well pumping operations were to cease for an extended period of time and the groundwater flow direction reverted back towards the Ohio River sometime in the future. Monitoring well MW-8 was installed in December 2018 after molybdenum was quantified at a SSL in downgradient monitoring wells MW-5 and MW-6 (reference Section 2.1) in an effort to characterize the nature and extent of the release, as required by §257.95(g)(1).

With the recent detection of selenium at a SSL in MW-6 and, more notably, the changes in groundwater flow direction, OMU decided to reconfigure the GMS network. Moving forward, MW-8 will be utilized as a background monitoring well with MW-7. MW-2 will transition to become a downgradient GMS well along with MW-1, which will have groundwater quality monitoring activities reinstated. An additional GMS well (MW-9) was installed in June 2021 to the west and downgradient of the Ash Ponds and subsequently developed and sampled in conjunction with the first 2021 semi-annual Assessment Monitoring sampling event to evaluate groundwater quality and the detection of selenium at a SSL in MW-6. Laboratory results and results of the statistical evaluation for this sampling event will be included in the 2021 Annual Groundwater Monitoring and Corrective Action Report.

OMU plans to continue to monitor the groundwater elevations over the next year and will evaluate re-classification of the GMS wells (i.e., upgradient versus downgradient) and/or the need for additional GMS wells as part of the 2021 Annual Groundwater Monitoring and Corrective Action Report. A summary of the GMS wells is provided in the table below.

Location	Relative Location	Well Diameter (in.)	Total Depth (ftbgs)	Screen Length (ft.)
MW 1	Downgradient	4	57	10
MW-2	Downgradient	4	57	10
MW-3	Upgradient	4	57	10
MW-4	Upgradient	4	59	10
MW-5	Downgradient	4	59	10
MW-6	Downgradient	4	59	10
MW-7	Background	4	72	10
MW-8	Background	4	63	15
MW-9	Downgradient	4	52	10

CCR RULE GROUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM

3.2 WELL CONSTRUCTION

The wells are completed in unconsolidated sand and gravel deposits associated with the Ohio River Valley alluvium and outwash complex. Each of the GMS wells was advanced using hollow-stem augers and constructed of 4-inch diameter schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) casing with 10 to 15 feet of 0.010-inch slotted well screen and solid riser extended to a height of approximately 2.5 feet above the ground surface (reference Appendix A). Well screens were placed to monitor the uppermost aquifer. Each of the well screens was constructed using U-Pack® double-walled screens instead of traditional single-walled screens to assist with the collection of low turbidity groundwater samples. The U-Pack[®] screens were filled with sand filter media (silica sand) along the length of the screen prior to lowering it into the borehole to prevent installation of the filter sand through a turbid water column, which can entrain sediment in the filter pack. Global Drilling Suppliers, Inc. #7 filter sand was utilized within the U Pack[®] screens. As the augers were extracted at each monitoring well location, the annular space between the borehole and the U-Pack® well screen was backfilled with Global Drilling Suppliers, Inc. #5 filter sand from the base of the screen to approximately 2 feet above the screen. Coated bentonite pellets were then placed in the annulus and hydrated with potable water to construct an approximate 5-foot thick seal above the filter pack. Bentonite grout was then placed via tremie pipe from the top of the seal to ground surface elevation. Each well is completed with a locking steel protective cover, concrete pad, and protective bollards. The Kentucky Attach Well Identification Number (AKGWA) Well Identification label is affixed to the underside of each protective cover lid. After construction, the

wells were developed via a combination of surging, bailing and pumping techniques to clean the screens, reduce turbidity, and establish communication with the aquifer.

4.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING CERTIFICATION

CCR Impoundment Information

Name:	Elmer Smith Station Ash Ponds
Operator:	Owensboro Municipal Utilities
Address:	4301 E 4 th Street Owensboro, Kentucky 42303

Qualified Professional Engineer:

Name:James E. ZentmeyerCompany:Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc.

I, James E. Zentmeyer, certify that this Groundwater Monitoring System for the Elmer Smith Station Ash Ponds has been designed and constructed to meet the requirements of the Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) rule 40 CFR §257.91. I am a duly licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Print Name: James E. Zentmeyer	の日気になるないないのであっ
Signature: E	WINNING OF KEATURING
Date: Oct. 27, 2821	JAMES E. X ZENTMEYER 18953
License Number: <u>18953</u> My license renewal date is: June 30, 2022	18953 CENSED

Qualified Professional Geologist:

Name:Matthew G. NemecekCompany:Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc.

I, Matthew G. Nemecek, certify that this Groundwater Monitoring System for the Elmer Smith Station Ash Ponds has been designed and constructed to meet the requirements of the Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) rule 40 CFR §257.91. I am a duly licensed Professional Geologist under the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Print Name: <u>Matthew G. Nemecek</u>

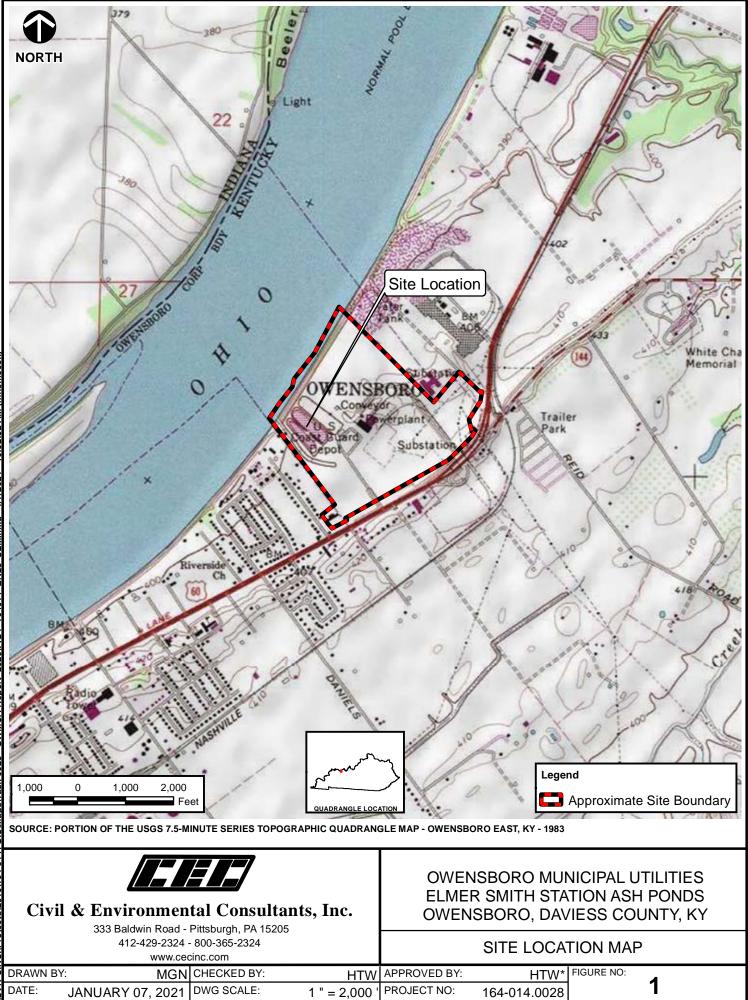
Signature: Date:

License Number: <u>KY-2522</u>

My license renewal date is September 30, 2023



FIGURES





SOURCE: CITY OF OWENSBORO GIS SERVER; IMAGE DATE: 2019

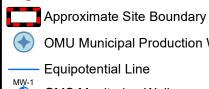


Signature on File *

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Legend



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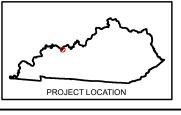
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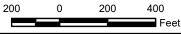
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OMU Municipal Production Well Equipotential Line **GMS Monitoring Well** 579.45

Croundwater Elevation (feet above mean sea level)





DATE:

AUG 03, 2021

SCALE:

Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc.	OWENSBORO MUNICIPAL UTILITIES ELMER SMITH STATION ASH PONDS OWENSBORO, DAVIESS COUNTY, KY			
333 Baldwin Road - Pittsburgh, PA 15205 412-429-2324 - 800-365-2324 www.cecinc.com	POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP MAY 13, 2020			
DRAWN BY: MGN CHECKED BY: MGN	APPROVED BY: HTW* FIGURE NO:			

1 " = 400 'PROJECT NO: 164-014

IGURE NO: 3a



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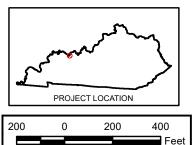
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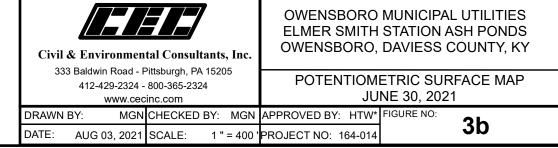


MW-1

Approximate Site Boundary **OMU Municipal Production Well** (Idle) Equipotential Line GMS Monitoring Well 579.45 Groundwater Elevation

(feet above mean sea level)





TABLE

TABLE 1Groundwater Elevation SummaryOMU Elmer Smith Station Ash PondsOwensboro, KY(all measurements are in feet)

Well ID (AKGWA #)	Location Relative to Ash Ponds	Ground Surface Elevation (AMSL)	TOC Elevation (AMSL)	Measurement Date	Depth to Water Measurement (ft BTOC)	Groundwater Elevation (AMSL)
				12/8/2016	48.51	356.02
				12/13/2016	48.07	356.46
				2/8/2017	45.69	358.84
				3/8/2017	40.68	363.85
				4/6/2017	43.51	361.02
				5/3/2017	45.91	358.62
				5/15/2017	43.46	361.07
MW-1				6/16/2017	49.94	354.59
				6/29/2017	46.72	357.81
				7/13/2017	49.81	354.72
				7/27/2017	49.99	354.54
				8/9/2017	49.15	355.38
	Downgradient	402.00	404.53	8/23/2017	50.38	354.15
(8006-9522)				9/6/2017	50.31	354.22
				9/20/2017	50.04	354.49
				10/10/2017	49.55	354.98
				4/5/2018	34.75	369.78
				6/5/2018	46.61	357.92
				12/12/2018	43.97	360.56
				12/27/2018	35.66	368.87
				5/23/2019	42.30	362.23
				11/7/2019	45.43	359.10
				5/13/2020	38.06	366.47
				12/2/2020	45.65	358.88
				6/30/2021	45.16	359.37
				12/8/2016	49.21	356.34
				12/13/2016	49.21	
				2/8/2017	46.29	356.81 359.26
				3/8/2017	40.29	364.31
				4/6/2017	41.24	361.39
				5/3/2017	44.10	360.07
				5/15/2017	44.02	361.53
				<u>6/16/2017</u> <u>6/29/2017</u>	50.02	355.53
				7/13/2017	47.17 50.16	358.38
						355.39
				7/27/2017	50.23	355.32
MW-2	Downgradiant	402.75	405.55	8/9/2017	50.75	354.80 354.58
(8006-9523)	Downgradient	402.75	403.33	8/23/2017	50.97 50.95	354.60
				9/6/2017		
				9/20/2017	50.69	354.86
				10/10/2017	50.20	355.35
				4/5/2018	35.70	369.85
				6/5/2018	47.22	358.33
				12/12/2018	44.51	361.04
				12/27/2018	36.85	368.70
				5/23/2019	42.94	362.61
				11/7/2019	46.13	359.42
				5/13/2020	38.56	366.99
				12/2/2020	46.24	359.31
				6/30/2021	45.85	359.70

Notes:AMSL = Above Mean Sea LevelTOC = Top of CasingFt BTOC = Feet Below Top of Casing

TABLE 1Groundwater Elevation SummaryOMU Elmer Smith Station Ash PondsOwensboro, KY(all measurements are in feet)

Well ID (AKGWA #)	Location Relative to Ash Ponds	Ground Surface Elevation (AMSL)	TOC Elevation (AMSL)	Measurement Date	Depth to Water Measurement (ft BTOC)	Groundwater Elevation (AMSL)
				12/8/2016	49.88	356.51
				12/13/2016	49.43	356.96
				2/8/2017	46.95	359.44
				3/8/2017	41.64	364.75
				4/6/2017	44.56	361.83
				5/3/2017	45.90	360.49
				5/15/2017	44.51	361.88
				6/16/2017	50.06	356.33
				6/29/2017	47.29	359.10
				7/13/2017	50.64	355.75
				7/27/2017	50.69	355.70
				8/9/2017	51.35	355.04
MW-3	Upgradient	403.78	406.39	8/23/2017	51.65	354.74
(8006-9524)	opgradient	103.70	100.27	9/6/2017	51.43	354.96
				9/20/2017	51.15	355.14
				10/10/2017	50.82	355.57
				4/5/2018	36.10	370.29
				6/5/2018	47.84	358.55
				12/12/2018	45.16	361.23
				12/27/2018	37.61	368.78
				5/23/2019		
					43.51	362.88
				11/7/2019	46.59	359.80
				5/13/2020	39.32	367.07
				12/2/2020	46.98	359.41
				6/30/2021	46.68	359.71
				12/8/2016	54.44	353.58
				12/13/2016	54.06	353.96
				2/8/2017	51.22	356.80
				3/8/2017	52.97	355.05
				4/6/2017	54.99	353.03
				5/3/2017	55.75	352.27
				5/15/2017	53.95	354.07
				6/16/2017	58.65	349.37
				6/29/2017	57.60	350.42
				7/13/2017	58.20	349.82
				7/27/2017	58.73	349.29
MW-4				8/9/2017	58.97	349.05
(8006-9525)	Upgradient	406.44	408.02	8/23/2017	59.48	348.54
x ,				9/6/2017	58.73	349.29
				9/20/2017	57.75	350.27
				10/10/2017	57.15	350.87
				4/5/2018	48.85	359.17
				6/5/2018	51.97	356.05
				12/12/2018	50.92	357.10
				12/27/2018	48.87	359.15
				5/23/2019	45.72	362.30
				11/7/2019	49.83	358.19
				5/13/2020	42.30	365.72
				12/2/2020	48.46	359.56
				6/30/2021	47.01	361.01

Notes:AMSL = Above Mean Sea LevelTOC = Top of CasingFt BTOC = Feet Below Top of Casing

TABLE 1Groundwater Elevation SummaryOMU Elmer Smith Station Ash PondsOwensboro, KY(all measurements are in feet)

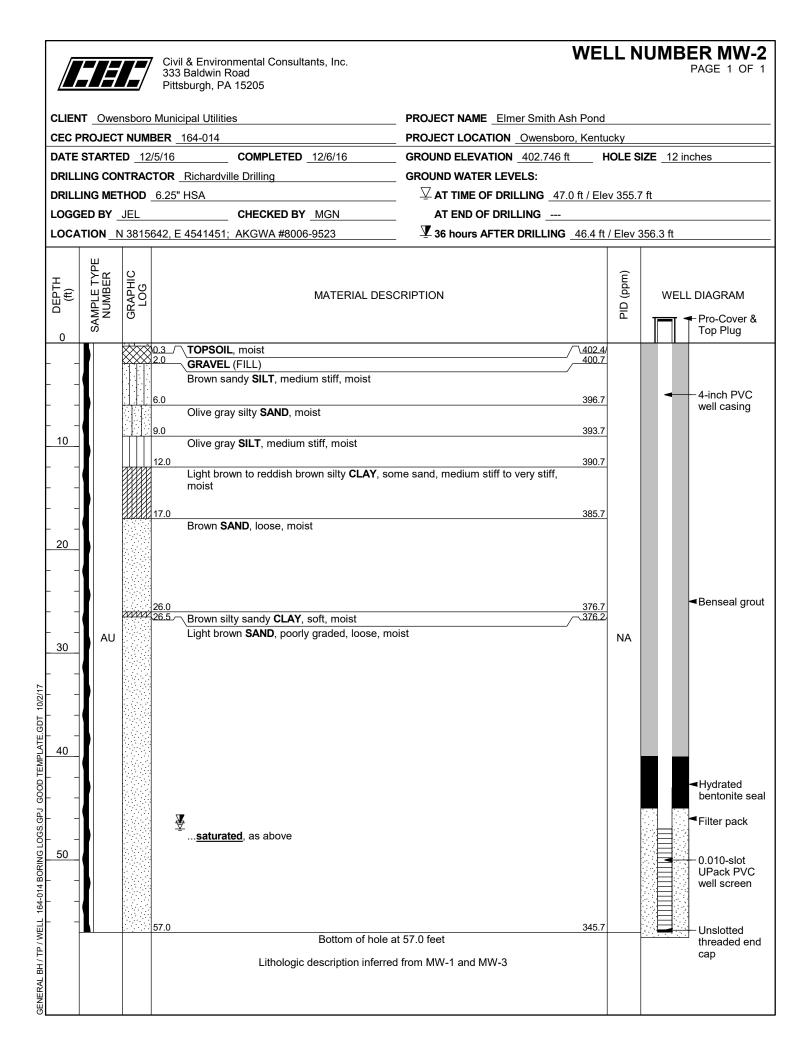
Well ID (AKGWA #)	Location Relative to Ash Ponds	Ground Surface Elevation (AMSL)	TOC Elevation (AMSL)	Measurement Date	Depth to Water Measurement (ft BTOC)	Groundwater Elevation (AMSL)
				6/16/2017	56.37	349.79
				6/29/2017	56.66	349.50
				7/13/2017	56.62	349.54
				7/27/2017	57.03	349.13
				8/9/2017	57.05	349.11
				8/23/2017	57.45	348.71
				9/6/2017	57.11	349.05
				9/20/2017	56.12	350.04
MW-5	Downgradient	403.56	406.16	10/10/2017	55.51	350.65
(8005-9530)	Downgruatent	105.50	100.10	4/5/2018	45.14	361.02
				6/5/2018	50.11	356.05
				12/12/2018	49.16	357.00
				12/27/2018	46.58	359.58
				5/23/2019	44.07	362.09
				11/7/2019	47.47	358.69
				5/13/2020	40.50	365.66
				12/2/2020	40.30	358.95
				6/16/2017	57.96	349.39
			-	6/29/2017	57.40	349.95
				7/13/2017	57.96	349.39
				7/27/2017	58.16	349.19
		405.23	407.35	8/9/2017	58.55	348.80
				8/23/2017	58.82	348.53
	Downgradient			9/6/2017	58.65	348.70
MW-6				9/20/2017	57.41	349.94
(8006-9531)				10/10/2017	56.84	350.51
				4/5/2018	46.53	360.82
				6/5/2018	51.56	355.79
				12/12/2018	50.53	356.82
				12/27/2018	48.35	359.00
				5/23/2019	45.30	362.05
				11/7/2019	48.77	358.58
				5/13/2020	41.76	365.59
				12/2/2020	48.07	359.28
				6/16/2017	72.90	348.21
				6/29/2017	73.25	347.86
				7/13/2017	72.87	348.24
				7/27/2017	73.81	347.30
				8/9/2017	74.31	346.80
				8/23/2017	74.31	346.80
				9/6/2017	73.71	347.40
NAME 7				9/20/2017	73.79	347.32
MW-7	Background	418.26	421.11	10/10/2017	73.70	347.41
(8006-9532)	_			4/5/2018	67.61	353.50
				6/5/2018	69.37	351.74
				12/12/2018	66.12	354.99
				12/27/2018	65.11	356.00
				5/23/2019	61.60	359.51
				11/7/2019	62.83	358.28
				5/13/2020	57.55	363.56
				12/2/2020	60.50	360.61
				12/27/2018	49.51	356.31
				5/23/2019	46.10	359.72
MW-8	Background	402.97	405.82	11/7/2019	49.00	356.82
(8007-1801)	Duvkground	τυ2.77	TUJ102	5/13/2020	49.00	363.81
				12/2/2020	47.55	358.27
MW-9				$1 \angle \angle \angle U \angle U$	J.JJ	550.27
(8007-1813)	Downgradient	401.78	405.18	6/30/2021	44.88	360.30

Notes:AMSL = Above Mean Sea LevelTOC = Top of CasingFt BTOC = Feet Below Top of Casing

APPENDIX A

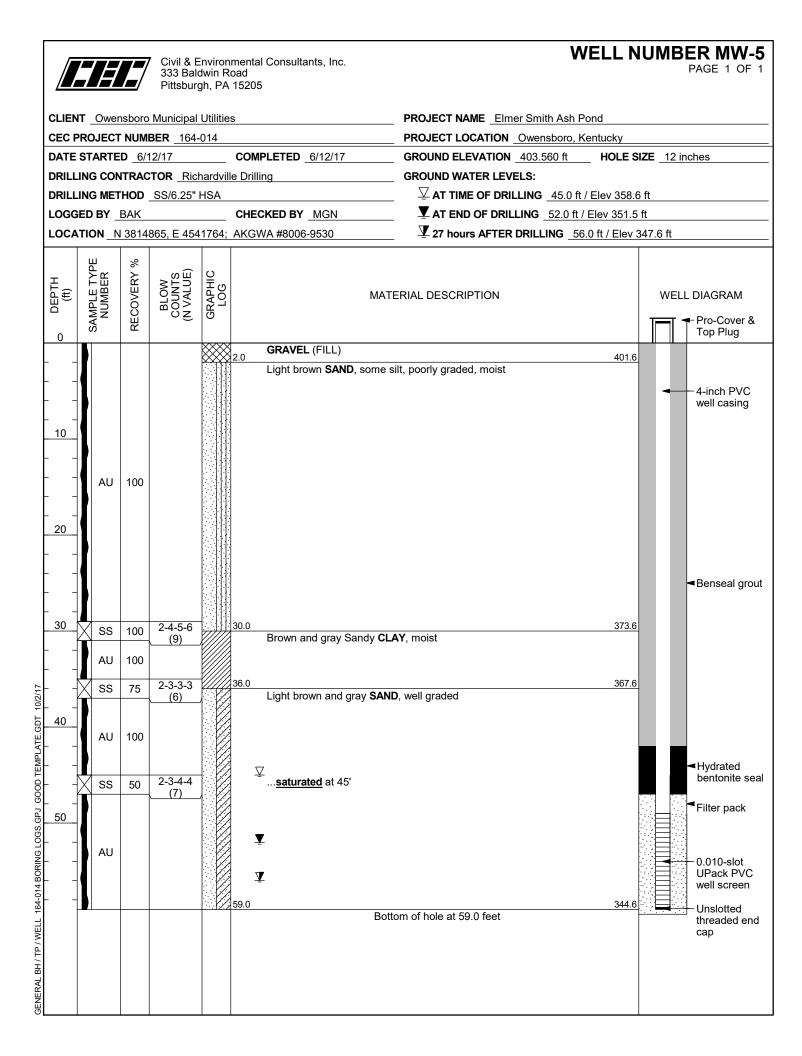
GROUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM BORING LOGS & WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAMS

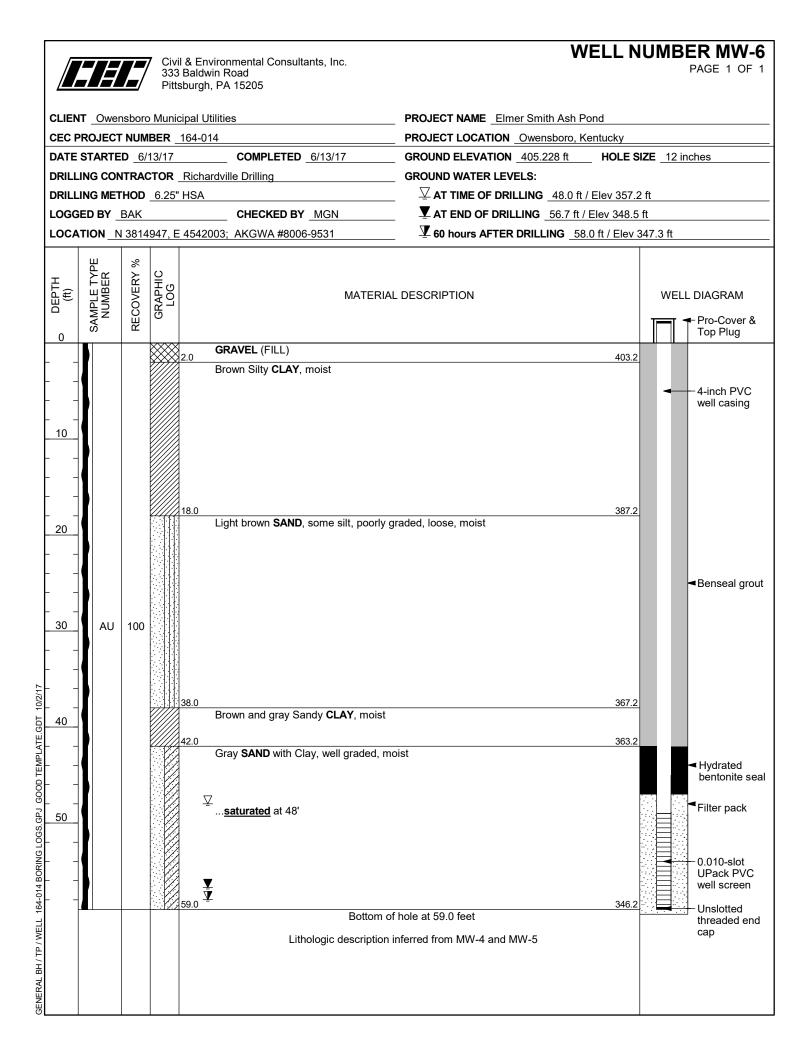
333	ril & Environmental Consultants, Inc. 3 Baldwin Road Isburgh, PA 15205	V	WELL	NUMBER MW PAGE 1 O
CLIENT Owensboro Muni	cipal Utilities	PROJECT NAME Elmer Smith Ash	Pond	
CEC PROJECT NUMBER	164-014	PROJECT LOCATION _Owensboro,	Kentucky	,
DATE STARTED 12/5/16	COMPLETED <u>12/5/16</u>	GROUND ELEVATION 402.00 ft	HOLI	E SIZE _12 inches
DRILLING CONTRACTOR	Richardville Drilling	GROUND WATER LEVELS:		
DRILLING METHOD Hydr	aulic Push/6.25" HSA	$\overline{\Box}$ AT TIME OF DRILLING 47.0	ft / Elev 35	55.0 ft
LOGGED BY JEL	CHECKED BY MGN	AT END OF DRILLING		
LOCATION <u>N 3815477, E</u>	E 4541324; AKGWA #8006-9522	$\underline{\Psi}$ 72 hours AFTER DRILLING \underline{A}	16.0 ft / Ele	ev 356.0 ft
DEPTH (ft) (ft) (ft) SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER NUMBER RECOVERY % GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DI	ESCRIPTION	PID (nnm)	WELL DIAGRAM
	0.3_/_\ TOPSOIL , moist		\401.7/ NI	
	Brown sandy SILT , medium stiff, mois	/		_
			N/	_
DP 100			N	well casing
DP 100	8.5		393.5 N/	A
10 DP 100	Olive gray silty SAND , moist		391.5 N/	A
	12.0 Olive gray SILT , medium stiff, moist		390.0 N	A Benseal gr
6 90 DP	Light brown to reddish brown silty CLA stiff, moist	AY , some sand, medium stiff to very	N	
X 7 90			N	A
DP 8 100			N	A
20 DP 100			N	A
20 9 DP 90	21.0		380.3 N	_
10 10 11111 DP 90	Brown SAND, loose, moist		<u> </u>	_
11 DP 75				_
12	26.0 26.5 Brown silty CLAY , soft, very moist	/	376.0 N/	
	Brown SAND, loose, poorly graded, m	oist, as above		_
30 DP 70			N	_
14 70 DP			N	A
DP			N	A
X 16 80			N	A
DP 17 100			N	A
40 DP 18 100			N	A
DP 70			N	A
19 DP 70			N	A Hydrated bentonite s
20 DP 75			N	A
21 DP 75	\mathbf{V}		N	
	<u>saturated</u> , as above, becoming mor	e well-graded	N	
			N	
			N/	
25 75 DP 150	57.0		345.0 N/	
26 DP 27		le at 57.0 feet	<u></u>	A Unslotted threaded e cap
DP 28 DP 29				

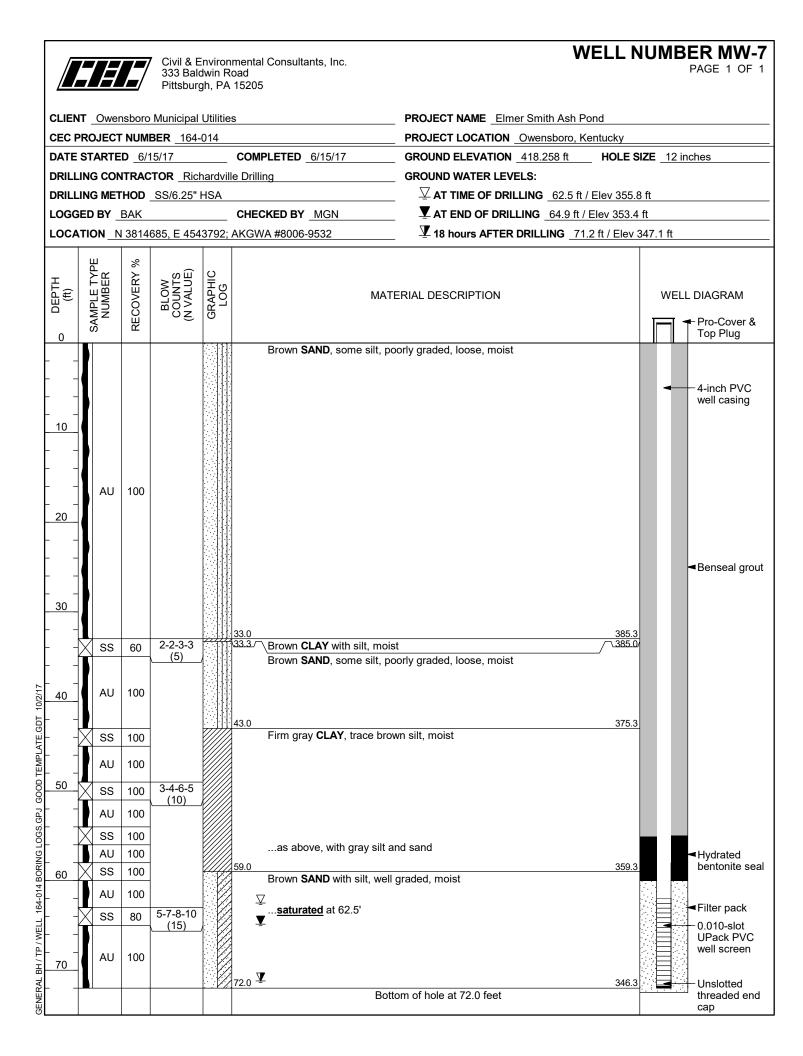


	333	l & Environmental Consultants, Inc. Baldwin Road sburgh, PA 152050	N	/ELL I	PAGE 1 OF
CLIENT Owe	ensboro Munic	sipal Utilities	PROJECT NAME Elmer Smith Ash P	ond	
CEC PROJEC	T NUMBER	164-014	_ PROJECT LOCATION _ Owensboro, K	Kentucky	
DATE START	ED 12/5/16	COMPLETED <u>12/5/16</u>	_ GROUND ELEVATION _403.77 ft	HOLE	SIZE 12 inches
DRILLING CO	NTRACTOR	Richardville Drilling	GROUND WATER LEVELS:		
DRILLING ME	THOD Hydra	aulic Push/6.25" HSA	_ \Box AT TIME OF DRILLING _47.0 ft.	/ Elev 356	.8 ft
LOGGED BY	JEL	CHECKED BY MGN	AT END OF DRILLING		
	N 3815758, E	4541533; , AKGWA #8006-9524	_ Ψ 60 hours AFTER DRILLING 47	'.3 ft / Elev	' 356.5 ft
TH () E TYPE BER	ERY % PHIC	MATERIAL		(mqq)	
(ft) SAMPLE TY NUMBEF	RECOVERY 9 GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIALI	DESCRIPTION	I) OIA	WELL DIAGRAM
0 V DP		<u>0.3_/</u> TOPSOIL , moist		103.5/ NA	
		2.0 GRAVEL (FILL)		101.8 NA	-
2		4.0 Brown SILT, some sand, some grave Brown to olive gray silty SAND, loose		399.8 NA	
		DIGWIN TO DIVE GRAY SILLY SAND, 100SC	5, III015t	NA	- 4-inch PVC well casing
		8.8	3	NA 895.0	-
10 🛆 DP		Olive gray to reddish brown clayey S		NA	_
	100			NA	
	70	13.8		390.0 NA	
X 7	70	Reddish brown SAND , loose, poorly	graded, moist	NA	
	75	10.2		NA	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u>18.3</u> ^{19.0}		^{385.5} NA	
20 9 DP		Brown SAND , loose, poorly graded,		NA	
				NA	-
11		25.5			- Densed
DP 12		25.5 26.5 Brown sandy SILT , soft, moist		378.3 NA 377.3 NA	-
	70	Brown SAND, loose, poorly graded,	moist, as above	NA	-
30 DP				NA	_
14 DP	70			NA	_
15 DP	70			NA	
X 16	70			NA	
DP 17	70			NA	
40 DP	70			NA	
DP				NA	
19 DP	70			NA	 Hydrated bentonite se
				NA	
21		¥		NA	Filter pack
		<u>saturated</u> , as above, becoming mo	ore well-graded		
50 / DP	90			NA	
				NA	UPack PVC well screen
24 DP				NA	
X 25	67	57.0	-	NA NA	
DP 26 DP 27		57.0 Bottom of h	ole at 57.0 feet	346.8 NA	Unslotted threaded end cap
DP 28 DP 29					

	33	33 Baldwir	ronmental Consultants, Inc. n Road PA 15205		WEI	LL NU	PAGE 1 OF 1
CLIENT Owe	nsboro Mur	nicipal Util	ities	_ PROJECT NAME _ Elmer Smith	Ash Pond		
	T NUMBER	164-014	l	PROJECT LOCATION Owensb	oro, Kentu	icky	
DATE STARTE	ED 12/5/16	6	COMPLETED 12/7/16	GROUND ELEVATION 406.442	2 ft H	IOLE SIZ	E 12 inches
			dville Drilling				
			sh/6.25" HSA		l9.0 ft / Ele	ev 357.4 ft	t
			CHECKED BY MGN				
			37; AKGWA #8006-9525				
DEPTH (ft) SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % GRAPHIC	22	MATERIAL D	DESCRIPTION		PID (ppm)	WELL DIAGRAM
	75 💥		GRAVEL (FILL)		404.4	NA	
	75	X 2.0	Brown silty CLAY, some gravel, som	e sand, stiff, moist	404.4	NA	
	90	X/4.0	Brown sandy SILT grading to silty SA		402.4	NA	4-inch PVC
3	90				200.4	NA	well casing
	100	8.0	Light brown SAND , some silt, poorly	graded, loose, moist	398.4	NA	
	100					NA	
	70					NA	
	70					NA	
7	75					NA	
	75					NA	
20 DP 9	70					NA	
	70					NA	
10 DP	70					NA	■Benseal grou
	70					NA	
12	70					NA	
30 DP 13	70					NA	
	70					NA	
14 DP	70					NA	
15 DP	70						
		38.5			367.9	NA	
40 DP 17	70		Brown to olive gray silty CLAY , some light brown, poorly graded sand se			NA	
-X DP 18	84		Light gray, medium stiff, moist, as			NA	
-X DP	100					NA	 Hydrated bentonite sea
- 19 - DP	100		and distribution of the state	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		NA	
	100	49.0 ▽	reddish brown, sandy, medium stif	, moist, as above	357.4	NA	Filter pack
50 21			Light brown SAND , poorly graded, so	me clay, wet at 49'			
	57	▼				NA	
	96					NA	0.010-slot
_V SS	57					NA	UPack PVC well screen
- <u>24</u> SS							
60 25 SS	100					NA	Unslotted threaded end
-/ 26	100	63.0			343.4	NA	сар
SS 27			Bottom of he	ble at 63.0 feet			
SS 28 SS 29							







Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc. 333 Baldwin Road Pittsburgh, PA 15205							WELL NUMBER MW-8 PAGE 1 OF 1		
CLIE	NT	Ower	Isborc	o Muni	cipal Util	lities	PROJECT NAME _Elmer Smith Ash Pond		
					164-01		PROJECT LOCATION		
							GROUND ELEVATION 402.974 ft HOLE SIZE 12 inches		
						rdville Drilling			
						6.25" HSA			
LOG	GED	BY _	BAK			CHECKED BY MGN	T AT END OF DRILLING 51.9 ft / Elev 351.0 ft		
LOC	ΑΤΙΟ	N _N	3813	3820, I	E 45419	34	▼ 18.5hrs AFTER DRILLING 48.5 ft / Elev 354.5 ft		
o DEPTH (ft)		SAMPLE IYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY %	GRAPHIC LOG			L DESCRIPTION		ELL DIAGRAM Pro-Cover & Top Plug
_	\mathbb{N}	DP	58		70.3_/ ∕	TOPSOIL, moist Brown sandy CLAY, some silt, soft, moi	jet/	/\402.7/	
Ļ	\square	1				Drown sandy OLAT, Some Sill, Soil, MO			
_	-	DP 2	88		6.5			396.5	4-inch PVC well casing
-	+	-		-		Brown silty SAND trace clay, loose, moi	st		
<u>10</u>	-	DP 5	83						
-		DP 7	88						
20	-	DP 9	83						
_	-	DP 11 88Brown silty SAND, as above loose, saturated							
-	$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	DP 13	83		27.5			375.5	Benseal grout
30	$\overline{\mathbb{N}}$	DP 15	81			Brown to gray sandy CLAY , some silt, s	oft, moist		
-	\square	DP			33.0	Gray SAND , poorly graded, some clay, r	moist	370.0	
2		17	85	_		saturated, as above	noist		
_ 40		DP 19	83			Saluraleu, as above			
		DP 21	88		43.5	Dive groweilty OLAV come could stiff	maiat	359.5	 Hydrated
	-	DP 23	94			Blue-gray silty CLAY , some sand, stiff, l Light Brown SAND , some silt, poorly gra	/		bentonite seal
50	$\overline{\mathbb{N}}$	DP 25	85		⊥ ⊻	-			Filter pack
-	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	DP 27	98		56.0	saturated, as above			0.010-slot
40	- - -	<u>.</u>		<u>p:141</u> ;	<u>1.</u> 50.0	Bottom o	f hole at 63.0 feet	347.0	Unslotted threaded end cap

