# OWENSBORO MUNICIPAL UTILITIES ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER SYSTEM & WATER WORKS SYSTEM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS & SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Utility Commission
City of Owensboro, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Owensboro Municipal Utilities Electric Light and Power System (Electric System) of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, as of and for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Owensboro Municipal Utilities Electric Light and Power System of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Electric System, an enterprise fund of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows, for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 6, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 36, and the Schedule of Contributions on page 37, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of revenues and expenses is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of Revenues and Expenses is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues and expenses is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Owensboro, Kentucky September 7, 2017 huey Hanock CPAS PSC

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Owensboro Municipal Utilities Electric Light and Power System (Electric System) financial performance provides an overview of the Electric System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Electric System's financial statements, which begin on page 7.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements, and Supplementary Information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Electric System's financial condition and performance.

The financial statements report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The financial statements include a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position; a Statement of Cash Flows; and Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Electric System and thus provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the results of the business activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operational, financing and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursements information, without consideration of the earnings event or when an obligation arises.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the Electric System's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

#### Financial Summary

The following table summarizes the financial condition and operations of the Electric System for 2017 and 2016.

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Utility plant, net Restricted assets Current assets Other noncurrent assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 175,221,646 99,383,755 52,822,45 14,392,124 12,071,027	5 1 4	187,514,699 101,281,782 52,893,448 12,977,099 12,375,170
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and	\$ 353,890,997	<u>7</u> \$	367,042,198
Net Position			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 7,929,669 70,338,515 26,478,211	5	7,652,971 68,620,816 19,674,740
Total net position	104,746,395	<del>-</del>	95,948,527
Long-term debt Current liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	173,404,723 38,433,377 31,393,460 5,913,042		189,212,814 41,676,030 26,842,964 13,361,863
	\$ 353,890,997	\$	367,042,198
Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
Operating revenues	\$ 147,495,908	\$	140,804,689
Operating expenses	_120,196,927	<u>.</u>	117,976,641
Operating income	27,298,981		22,828,048
Interest and debt expense Interest and other income	(11,149,966 1,770,169	•	(11,527,656) 133,616
Net nonoperating expenses	(9,379,797)	<u>)</u> _	(11,394,040)
Income before transfers	17,919,184		11,434,008
Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro	(9,121,316)	<u>)                                    </u>	(8,817,687)
Change in net position	\$ 8,797,868	\$ _	2,616,321

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Total net position increased \$8.8 million in 2017, or 9.2%, versus an increase of \$2.6 million in 2016 as the result of changes in operating revenues, operating expenses, nonoperating revenues/expenses and transfers as discussed below.
- Operating revenues increased \$6.7 million, or 4.8%, in 2017 when compared to 2016. Wholesale revenues increased \$4.3 million, or 9.3%, in 2017 as a result of increased wholesale energy sales volumes and a slight increase in average wholesale market prices. Additionally, retail revenues increased \$2.1 million, or 2.3%, in 2017 primarily due to increased recovery of environmental cost, as a result of additional cost incurred to comply with new mercury reduction standards that became effective near the end of fiscal 2016. Environmental costs are passed on to customers through the environmental control cost adjustment, which provides for the Electric System to adjust charges to its retail customers for increases in environmental compliance cost. Finally, telecommunication revenues were up \$277,398, or 22.1%, due to increases in commercial telecommunication services, as well as additional residential services through the new Fiber-to-the-Home pilot program.
- Operating expenses in 2017 increased \$2.2 million, or 1.9%, versus 2016, largely the result of depreciation which increased \$2.3 million, or 14.1%, as a result of plant additions as discussed below and accelerating deprecation on production plant assets. General and administrative expense declined \$3.9 million, or 28.2%, as the Electric System began allocating payroll overhead cost, including taxes, retirement and other benefits, consistent with how wages were charged in 2017. Previously payroll overhead costs were included in general and administrative expense. offsetting this reduction was an increase in retirement expense of \$1.5 million in 2017, largely due to adjustments resulting from the most recent CERS annual pension actuarial valuation. The payroll overhead shift is also largely responsible for the increase in transmission and distribution expense of \$1.4 million, or 16.44%. Finally, this shift also contributed to an increase in overall production costs, however production fuel cost increased \$7.4 million, largely the result of increased generation and additional environmental costs incurred to comply with new mercury reduction standards as discussed above. Offsetting much of that increase was a reduction in other production costs, which resulted from a scheduled outage at Elmer Smith Generating Station (ESGS) in 2016 versus no scheduled outage in 2017.
- Net nonoperating expenses decreased by \$2 million, or 17.7%, in 2017 when compared to 2016. Interest expense decreased by \$377,690, or 3.3%, primarily the result of scheduled principal payments on debt. Also in 2016 the Electric System incurred a loss on investment derivatives of \$1.7 million, primarily due to cancellation of various fuel hedge position. The cancellations were necessary following the Electric System's negotiation of price reductions on existing fuel contracts, projected to reduce fuel cost by \$6.3 million in calendar 2016 and 2017. The new contracts included modified diesel fuel clauses as the result of declining market prices. There were no similar losses incurred in 2017.
- Dividend transfers to the City of Owensboro increased by \$303,629 in 2017, or 3.4%, due partially to an increase in actual cash transfers to the City and to increased rates for the free electric service provided to the City.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2017, the Electric System had \$175.2 million invested in a broad range of assets, including power plant facilities and equipment, substation facilities and equipment, transformers, poles, wiring, street lighting, traffic signal equipment, communication equipment, fiber optic cable and equipment, buildings and other equipment. This represents a decrease of \$12.3 million over 2016 due to depreciation which exceeded capital asset additions. In addition to other routine capital additions during 2017, the Electric System incurred \$770,000 on routine pole change-outs, \$758,000 on the Fiber-to-the-Home pilot program to deliver high speed internet service to residential customers and \$581,000 to replace faulty underground wiring in targeted areas. The following table summarizes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at the end of 2017 and 2016:

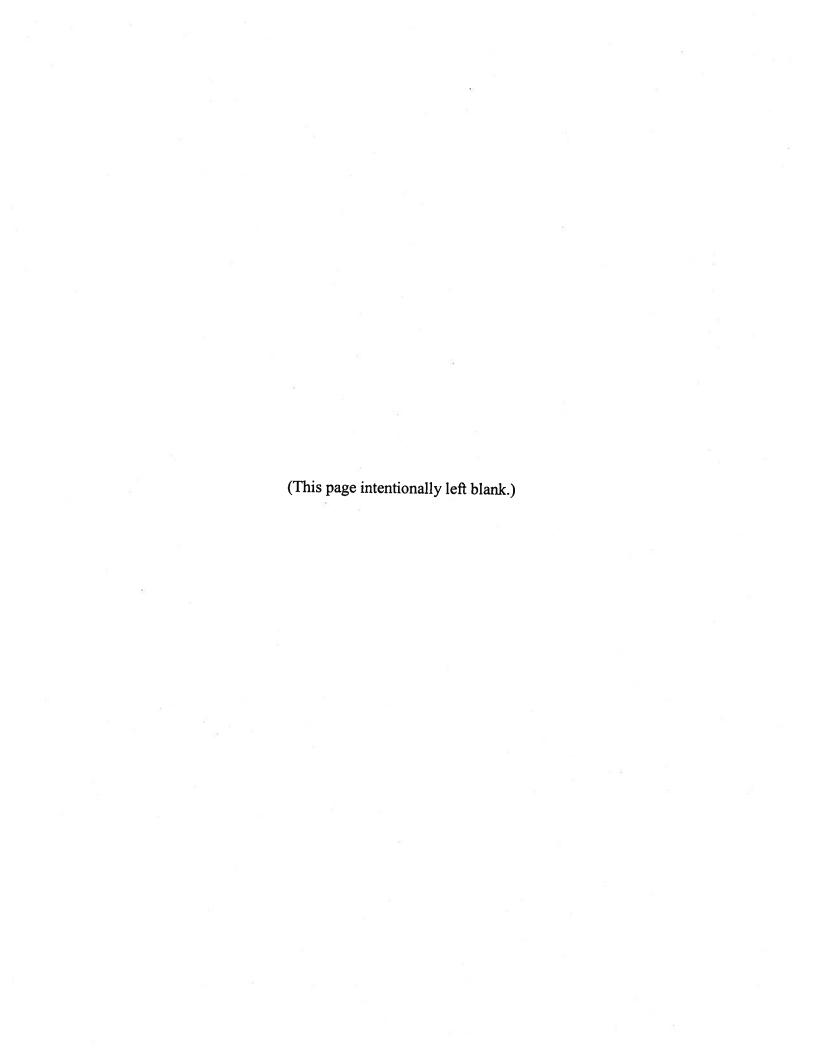
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Production plant	\$	97,729,914	\$	108,966,661
Transmission plant		13,006,573		13,789,168
Distribution plant		37,652,576		35,953,781
General plant		7,791,166		8,219,469
Unclassified plant and construction in progress	_	19,041,411	-	20,585,620
	\$_	175,221,640	\$_	187,514,699

#### **Debt**

At the end of 2017, the Electric System had \$191.7 million in bonds outstanding versus \$207.3 million in 2016, for a decrease of \$15.6 million, or 7.5%. As there was no debt issued in 2017, the decrease is due to scheduled bond payments.

#### Outlook

We expect the 2018 net operating results to decline somewhat from 2017 results, with overall cost increases anticipated to outpace increased revenues. Revenues from retail customers are expected to increase as additional energy costs are anticipated to be passed on to retail customers, due to reduced energy cost recovery from wholesale customers, resulting from continuing inadequacy of wholesale market prices. Costs are also expected to increase due to an anticipated increase in power production at ESGS, as well as other general cost increases. Furthermore, the Electric System will continue to research future power supply options, as a result of the recent decision to switch from coal production to alternative power sources.



#### STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

May 31, 2017 and 2016

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLO	OWS OF		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Utility plant, net		\$_	175,221,640	\$_	187,514,699
Restricted assets		_	99,383,755	_	101,281,782
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents			28,142,820		27,426,580
Investments			6,039,228		1,899,203
Receivables:					
Retail accounts receivable, less a doubtful accounts of \$41,251					
and \$54,904 for 2016			9,428,215		9,333,059
Wholesale accounts receivable			2,144,123		1,829,482
City of Owensboro			222,420		148,035
Other			327,742		650,847
Materials and supplies			3,281,502		3,315,511
Prepayments			394,326		373,364
Other		_	2,842,075	_	7,917,367
Total current assets		_	52,822,451	_	52,893,448
Other noncurrent assets:			e#6		
Unamortized debt expense			1,244,861		1,454,232
Energy cost to be recovered			11,521,754		8,011,523
Other noncurrent assets		_	1,625,509		3,511,344
Total other noncurrent assets		_	14,392,124	_	12,977,099
Total assets		_	341,819,970	_	354,667,028
Deferred outflows of resources:	of hadging				
Accumulated decrease in fair value of derivatives	or neaging		2,285,656		4,338,276
Deferred pension outflows			7,668,097		5,483,103
Unamortized loss on debt refunding			1,835,148		2,545,528
Net unrealized loss on investments			282,126		8,263
		_		-	
Total deferred outflows of resources			12,071,027	_	12,375,170
	*				
Total assets and deferred outflows of	resources	\$_	353,890,997	\$ _	367,042,198

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital projects, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for other purposes Unrestricted	\$	7,929,669 5,318,510 13,782,076 51,237,929 26,478,211	\$	7,652,971 5,622,502 12,487,762 50,510,552 19,674,740
Total net position		104,746,395		95,948,527
Long-term debt		173,404,723		189,212,814
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets): Current maturities of long-term debt Accrued interest payable Accounts payable	_	18,251,851 2,931,410 4,057,888		18,066,845 3,009,471 4,784,763
		25,241,149		25,861,079
Current liabilities (payable from current assets): Accounts payable Other	_	4,914,914 8,277,314		5,755,257 10,059,694
	_	13,192,228	_	15,814,951
Total current liabilities	_	38,433,377		41,676,030
Other noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability Other	_	30,858,179 535,281	11	26,254,442 588,522
Total other noncurrent liabilities		31,393,460		26,842,964
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)			_	
Total liabilities	-	243,231,560		257,731,808
Deferred inflows of resources: Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives Deferred pension inflows Deferred revenue		4,485,606 354,685 1,072,751	-	11,295,112 589,339 1,477,412
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,913,042	_	13,361,863
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ <u></u>	353,890,997	\$ <u></u>	367,042,198

### STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

Charges for services:         \$ 31,097,720         \$ 30,131,855           Commercial         7,116,947         7,005,427           Industrial         52,944,090         52,603,819           Water Works System         1,101,570         999,908           City of Owensboro and Schools         2,825,192         2,195,241           Supplemental power         1,405,095         1,199,388           Other wholesale         48,981,965         44,907,850           Build America Bond subsidy         538,954         539,243           Other         1,474,95,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:           Production:         Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,888,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,466           Depreciation         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating expenses         120,196,927<	Operating revenues:	_	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Residential         \$ 31,097,720         \$ 30,131,855           Commercial         7,116,947         7,005,427           Industrial         52,944,090         52,603,819           Water Works System         1,101,570         999,908           City of Owensboro and Schools         2,825,192         2,195,241           Supplemental power         1,405,095         1,199,388           Other wholesale         48,981,965         44,907,850           Other         538,954         539,243           Other         1,484,375         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:           Production:         Fred for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091         0ther         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746         0ther         0ther         1,475,606         0ther         1,475,606         0ther         1,475,606         0ther         0ther         1,475,606         0ther         0ther         1,752,055         1,737,604         0ther         0ther         0ther         1,475,606         0ther					
Commercial         7,116,947         7,005,427           Industrial         52,944,090         52,603,819           Water Works System         1,101,570         999,908           City of Owensboro and Schools         2,825,192         2,195,241           Supplemental power         1,405,095         1,199,388           Other wholesale         48,981,965         44,907,850           Build America Bond subsidy         538,954         539,243           Other         1,484,375         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:           Production:           Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,330         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expense	Decidential	•	21 005 500	_	
Industrial		3		\$	, ,
Industrial   \$2,944,090   \$2,603,819   Water Works System   \$1,101,570   999,908   City of Owensboro and Schools   \$2,825,192   \$2,195,241   Supplemental power   \$1,405,095   \$1,199,388   Other wholesale   \$48,981,965   \$44,907,850   Build America Bond subsidy   \$538,954   \$539,243   Other   \$1,484,375   \$1,221,958   Total operating revenues   \$147,495,908   \$140,804,689   \$14			7,116,947		7,005,427
Water Works System         1,101,570         999,008           City of Owensboro and Schools         2,825,192         2,195,241           Supplemental power         1,405,095         1,199,388           Other wholesale         48,981,965         44,907,850           Build America Bond subsidy         538,954         539,243           Other         1,484,375         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:           Production:         Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         14,75,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expense			52,944,090		
City of Owensboro and Schools         2,825,192         2,195,241           Supplemental power         1,405,095         1,199,388           Other wholesale         48,981,965         44,907,850           Build America Bond subsidy         538,954         539,243           Other         1,484,375         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:           Production:         Fred for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091         0ther         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746         2321,746         Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606         General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217         Telecommunications         805,939         510,469         Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641         Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614         6,641,227           Loss on invest	Water Works System				
Supplemental power Other wholesale         1,405,095 (248,981,965)         1,199,388 (249,07,850)           Build America Bond subsidy Other         338,954 (239,243)           Other         1,484,375 (1,221,958)           Total operating revenues         147,495,908 (140,804,689)           Operating expenses:           Production:         Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811 (9,267,137)           Purchased power (6,758,909 (6,847,091)         6,847,091 (6,847,091)           Other (16,221,380 (21,792,325)         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution (16,221,380 (21,792,325)         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution (19,22,102 (1,475,606))         1475,606           General and administrative (19,898,923 (1,475,606))         9,898,923 (1,475,606)           General and administrative (19,898,923 (1,469)         15,976,050           Total operating expenses (10,196,927 (17,976,641)         12,196,927 (17,976,641)           Operating income (27,298,981 (22,828,048)         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966) (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense (19,14,27)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments (273,862) (181,369)         18,114 (19,94,040)           Poeferred net change in fair value of investments (273,862) (181,369)         (181,369)					
Other wholesale         48,981,965         34,907,850           Build America Bond subsidy         538,954         539,243           Other         1,484,375         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:           Production:         Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,372,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Oth					
Build America Bond subsidy Other         3,38,954 (1,484,375)         539,243 (1,484,375)         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses: Production: Fuel for electric generation Purchased power G,758,909 Other Fuel for electric generation Purchased power G,758,909 Other G,758,909 Other G,758,909 G,847,091 Other Gustomer service and information 1,922,1380 1,1792,325 Transmission and distribution 9,690,171 8,321,746 Customer service and information 1,922,102 1,475,606 General and administrative 9,898,923 13,786,217 Telecommunications 805,939 510,469 Depreciation 18,234,692 15,976,050         11,7976,641           Operating expenses         120,196,927 117,976,641         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981 22,828,048         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest and debt expense Interest income on investments 1,752,055 1,739,614 Loss on investment derivatives Other, net 18,114 85,429 Net increase in fair value of investments (273,862) 181,369 Deferred net change in fair value of investments 273,862 (181,369) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (9,379,797) (11,394,040) Income before transfers 17,919,184 11,434,008 Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro (9,121,316) (8,817,687) Change in net position 8,797,868 2,616,321 Net position, beginning of year 95,948,527 93,332,206			, ,		
Other         1,484,375         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:           Production:         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         1         (1691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments					
Other         1,484,375         1,221,958           Total operating revenues         147,495,908         140,804,689           Operating expenses:         Production:         Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091         06,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         18,114         85,429           Other, net         18,114         85,429			538,954		539,243
Operating expenses:           Production:         Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,	Other		1,484,375		
Production:         56,664,811         49,267,137           Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         (18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)<	Total operating revenues		147,495,908		140,804,689
Production:         56,664,811         49,267,137           Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         (18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)<	Operating expenses:				
Fuel for electric generation         56,664,811         49,267,137           Purchased power         6,758,909         6,847,091           Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         (273,862)         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Purchased power Other         6,758,909 (5,847,091)         6,847,091 (5,847,091)           Other Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)			EC CCA 011		40.04= 40=
Other         16,221,380         21,792,325           Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         (1,691,427)         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out -					
Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         18,114         85,429           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)					6,847,091
Transmission and distribution         9,690,171         8,321,746           Customer service and information         1,922,102         1,475,606           General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)			16,221,380		21,792,325
Customer service and information       1,922,102       1,475,606         General and administrative       9,898,923       13,786,217         Telecommunications       805,939       510,469         Depreciation       18,234,692       15,976,050         Total operating expenses       120,196,927       117,976,641         Operating income       27,298,981       22,828,048         Nonoperating revenues (expenses):       (11,149,966)       (11,527,656)         Interest and debt expense       (11,149,966)       (11,527,656)         Interest income on investments       1,752,055       1,739,614         Loss on investment derivatives       (1,691,427)         Other, net       18,114       85,429         Net increase in fair value of investments       (273,862)       181,369         Deferred net change in fair value of investments       273,862       (181,369)         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,379,797)       (11,394,040)         Income before transfers       17,919,184       11,434,008         Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro       (9,121,316)       (8,817,687)         Change in net position       8,797,868       2,616,321         Net position, beginning of year       95,948,527       93,332,206	Transmission and distribution				
General and administrative         9,898,923         13,786,217           Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206	Customer service and information				
Telecommunications         805,939         510,469           Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206					
Depreciation         18,234,692         15,976,050           Total operating expenses         120,196,927         117,976,641           Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206					
Total operating expenses 120,196,927 117,976,641  Operating income 27,298,981 22,828,048  Nonoperating revenues (expenses):  Interest and debt expense (11,149,966) (11,527,656) Interest income on investments 1,752,055 1,739,614 Loss on investment derivatives (16,91,427) Other, net 18,114 85,429 Net increase in fair value of investments (273,862) 181,369 Deferred net change in fair value of investments 273,862 (181,369)  Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (9,379,797) (11,394,040)  Income before transfers 17,919,184 11,434,008  Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro (9,121,316) (8,817,687)  Change in net position 8,797,868 2,616,321  Net position, beginning of year 95,948,527 93,332,206					
Operating income         27,298,981         22,828,048           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest and debt expense         (11,149,966)         (11,527,656)           Interest income on investments         1,752,055         1,739,614           Loss on investment derivatives         -         (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206	Depreciation	_	18,234,692	_	15,976,050
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):  Interest and debt expense (11,149,966) (11,527,656) Interest income on investments 1,752,055 1,739,614 Loss on investment derivatives - (1,691,427) Other, net 18,114 85,429 Net increase in fair value of investments (273,862) 181,369 Deferred net change in fair value of investments 273,862 (181,369)  Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (9,379,797) (11,394,040)  Income before transfers 17,919,184 11,434,008  Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro (9,121,316) (8,817,687)  Change in net position 8,797,868 2,616,321  Net position, beginning of year 95,948,527 93,332,206	Total operating expenses	_	120,196,927	_	117,976,641
Interest and debt expense       (11,149,966)       (11,527,656)         Interest income on investments       1,752,055       1,739,614         Loss on investment derivatives       (1,691,427)         Other, net       18,114       85,429         Net increase in fair value of investments       (273,862)       181,369         Deferred net change in fair value of investments       273,862       (181,369)         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,379,797)       (11,394,040)         Income before transfers       17,919,184       11,434,008         Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro       (9,121,316)       (8,817,687)         Change in net position       8,797,868       2,616,321         Net position, beginning of year       95,948,527       93,332,206	Operating income	_	27,298,981	_	22,828,048
Interest and debt expense       (11,149,966)       (11,527,656)         Interest income on investments       1,752,055       1,739,614         Loss on investment derivatives       (1,691,427)         Other, net       18,114       85,429         Net increase in fair value of investments       (273,862)       181,369         Deferred net change in fair value of investments       273,862       (181,369)         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,379,797)       (11,394,040)         Income before transfers       17,919,184       11,434,008         Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro       (9,121,316)       (8,817,687)         Change in net position       8,797,868       2,616,321         Net position, beginning of year       95,948,527       93,332,206	Managerating rovenues (armanas)				
Interest income on investments       1,752,055       1,739,614         Loss on investment derivatives       - (1,691,427)         Other, net       18,114       85,429         Net increase in fair value of investments       (273,862)       181,369         Deferred net change in fair value of investments       273,862       (181,369)         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,379,797)       (11,394,040)         Income before transfers       17,919,184       11,434,008         Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro       (9,121,316)       (8,817,687)         Change in net position       8,797,868       2,616,321         Net position, beginning of year       95,948,527       93,332,206					
Interest income on investments       1,752,055       1,739,614         Loss on investment derivatives       (1,691,427)         Other, net       18,114       85,429         Net increase in fair value of investments       (273,862)       181,369         Deferred net change in fair value of investments       273,862       (181,369)         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,379,797)       (11,394,040)         Income before transfers       17,919,184       11,434,008         Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro       (9,121,316)       (8,817,687)         Change in net position       8,797,868       2,616,321         Net position, beginning of year       95,948,527       93,332,206			(11,149,966)		(11,527,656)
Loss on investment derivatives         - (1,691,427)           Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206	Interest income on investments		1,752,055		
Other, net         18,114         85,429           Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206	Loss on investment derivatives		, , <u>-</u>		
Net increase in fair value of investments         (273,862)         181,369           Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206	Other, net		18 114		
Deferred net change in fair value of investments         273,862         (181,369)           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206					
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,379,797)         (11,394,040)           Income before transfers         17,919,184         11,434,008           Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro         (9,121,316)         (8,817,687)           Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206					
Income before transfers       17,919,184       11,434,008         Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro       (9,121,316)       (8,817,687)         Change in net position       8,797,868       2,616,321         Net position, beginning of year       95,948,527       93,332,206	Defended het change in fair value of investments	_	273,862	_	(181,369)
Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro       (9,121,316)       (8,817,687)         Change in net position       8,797,868       2,616,321         Net position, beginning of year       95,948,527       93,332,206	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(9,379,797)	_	(11,394,040)
Change in net position         8,797,868         2,616,321           Net position, beginning of year         95,948,527         93,332,206	Income before transfers		17,919,184		11,434,008
Net position, beginning of year 95,948,527 93,332,206	Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro		(9,121,316)	= _	(8,817,687)
Net position, beginning of year 95,948,527 93,332,206	Change in net position		8,797,868		2,616,321
Net modifies and a C	Net position, beginning of year		95 948 527		
Net position, end of year \$\( \) \(	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	73,770,321	_	93,332,200
	Net position, end of year	\$_	104,746,395	\$_	95,948,527

#### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

		<u>2017</u>		2016
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers, including collections	•	1.00 000 010		
as agent for third parties  Customer remittances to third parties	\$	,,	\$	., ,
Payments to suppliers		(25,392,395)		(22,909,643)
Payments to employees		(85,797,852)		(92,540,756)
a aymonto to omproyect		(13,729,573)		(13,252,322)
Net cash provided by operating activities		44,355,698		21,715,861
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro		(9,121,316)		(8,817,687)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activ	ities	}		
Capital expenditures		(6,936,122)		(16,337,146)
Payments on long-term debt		(18,680,000)		(2,780,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(7,251,361)		(7,424,589)
Net cash used in capital and related				
financing activities	10	(32,867,483)		(26,541,735)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of investments		(34,150,289)		(25,400,927)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of		(- ',',',		(20,100,527)
investments		24,318,334		12,200,000
Interest on investments		1,672,408		1,693,136
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(8,159,547)	•	(11,507,791)
	-	(1,111,111)	•	(22,001,102)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(5,792,648)		(25,151,352)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	78,518,847		103,670,199
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	72,726,199	\$_	78,518,847
Included in the following balance sheet captions:	_		-	
Restricted assets	\$	44,583,379	\$	51,092,267
Cash and cash equivalents	•	28,142,820	Ψ	27,426,580
•	_		-	27,120,300
	\$ _	72,726,199	\$_	78,518,847
				10

#### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, Concluded

#### Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		*		2010
provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	27,298,981	\$	22,828,048
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net				_,,
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		18,502,615		16,243,973
Other revenues		18,114		85,429
Change in assets and liabilities:		1		,
Decrease (increase) in assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Fuel inventory		854,520		(5,216,217)
Other		20,906		20,853
Receivables		(125,203)		1,662,784
Materials and supplies		34,009		143,644
Prepayments		(20,962)		19,609
Other current assets		5,075,292	2.5	(369,087)
Other noncurrent assets		(1,624,396)		(7,986,146)
Deferred outflow of resources		(132,374)		(3,174,138)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(102,07.1)		(3,171,130)
Accounts payable		(865,099)		451,167
Other current liabilities		(1,782,380)		386,113
Other noncurrent liabilities		4,550,496		5,733,499
Deferred inflow of resources		(7,448,821)		(9,113,670)
	_	(7,1.0,021)	_	(2,113,070)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	44,355,698	\$	21,715,861
			-	
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:				
Accretion of interest expense on long-term debt	\$_	3,413,709	\$	3,613,549
Amoutization of daht manifest and				
Amortization of debt premium and expense and deferred loss on debt defeasance	on.	560.055	•	
and deferred loss on debt defeasance	<b>\$</b> _	562,957	\$ <u></u>	562,956
Deferred gain (loss) on hedging derivatives	\$	2 100 050	ø	6.056.926
5-m (1999) on nodeling don't duty co	• <del>-</del>	2,199,950	\$	6,956,836

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### General Information

In 1940, the City of Owensboro, Kentucky (City), established the City Utility Commission to manage, control and operate Owensboro Municipal Utilities (OMU). City officials appoint the five individuals who comprise the City Utility Commission. OMU consists of the Electric Light and Power System (Electric System) and the Water Works System (Water System), which are separate enterprise funds of the City. Accordingly, the Electric System and the Water System are part of the financial reporting entity of the City. The accompanying financial statements present only the Electric System and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City and the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Electric System is subject to regulation by the City, including approval of rates charged for utility services, as set forth in applicable City ordinances.

The Electric System provides electric power to approximately 26,000 residential, commercial and industrial customers in Owensboro, Kentucky. The Electric System also sells electric power into regional wholesale power markets and to other wholesale customers.

The Electric System consists of the original generating station, the transmission and distribution plant and the Elmer Smith Generating Station (ESGS). ESGS is operated, including subsequent additions, as a separate division.

#### System of Accounts and Basis of Accounting

The Electric System's accounts are maintained substantially in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, including the application of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 980, Regulated Operations, as the standard relates to the deferral of revenues and expenses to future periods in which the revenues are earned or the expenses are recovered through the rate-making process.

The Electric System considers electric and telecommunications revenues and costs that are directly related to generation, purchase, transmission, and distribution of electricity and telecommunications services to be operating revenues and expenses. Revenues and expenses related to financing and other activities are reflected as nonoperating.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### System of Accounts and Basis of Accounting, Continued

The Electric System accrues revenues as services are rendered to utility customers. In addition, the Electric System's present electric rate ordinance provides for an energy cost adjustment and environmental control cost adjustment to be made to customer bills, except bills rendered to the City, to reflect changes in the price of fuel and maintenance costs and environmental compliance costs to generate electricity. The Electric System estimates and records amounts to be billed or refunded under the energy cost adjustment on a monthly basis.

#### **Utility Plant and Depreciation**

Utility plant is stated at original cost, which includes the cost of contracted services, materials, labor, and labor-related expenditures, administrative and general costs, and an allowance for borrowed funds used during construction.

Replacements of depreciable property units, except minor replacements, are charged to utility plant. Property units replaced or retired, including cost of removal net of any salvage, are charged to accumulated depreciation. Routine maintenance, repairs and minor replacement costs are charged to expense as incurred.

Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction includes capitalized interest during the construction period less any interest income on construction fund investments from bond proceeds during such period. Capitalization of interest is discontinued when the project is completed and the related utility plant is placed in service.

Depreciation of utility plant and unclassified plant in service is provided using the straight-line composite rate method over the estimated service lives of the depreciable assets of the Electric System, excluding ESGS, and on the sinking fund method for ESGS depreciable assets. Estimated service lives of assets depreciated using the composite method range from 5 to 60 years. The sinking fund method was adopted for ESGS as a result of the terms of a power sale contract. Depreciation expense during 2017 and 2016 was approximately 4.1% and 3.7%, respectively, of the average original cost of depreciable utility plant in service.

#### Restricted Assets

The City ordinances that authorized the Electric Light and Power Revenue Bonds require that certain amounts from bond proceeds and payments by customers for services provided be deposited into designated funds and be used only for the specified purposes of the funds. The Electric System's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Cash and Investments

Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts. Certificates of deposit and long-term repurchase agreements are reported at cost. The Electric System categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. U.S. government obligations and agency securities are stated at fair values based upon externally developed models that use rates and prices of similar securities.

The Electric System considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Unrestricted investments with initial maturities exceeding three months, consisting of certificates of deposit and U.S. agency securities, are classified as temporary investments.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consisting of materials and supplies and fuel inventory (included in restricted assets) are valued at the lower of weighted average cost or market. Fuel for electric generation is charged to expense as used.

#### **Bond Issuance Costs**

Premiums and discounts arising from various bond issues are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the lives of the bond issues.

The Electric System's rate making methodology allows for future recovery of debt costs, including bond issuance costs, in its rate making process. Accordingly, under FASB ASC 980, *Regulated Operations*, debt issuance costs are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the lives of the bond issues.

The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of defeased bond issues has been deferred and is being amortized using the straight-line method over the lives of the refunding bond issues.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deduction from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### **Income Taxes**

The Electric System is exempt from federal and state income taxes and, accordingly, the financial statements include no provision for such taxes.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Hedging Derivative Instruments

The Electric System has adopted GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments" (GASB 53). GASB 53 requires that hedging derivative instruments (Hedging Transactions) be recorded at fair value and establishes certain requirements for revenue recognition, measurement and disclosure related to Hedging Transactions. The Electric System's Hedging Transactions have been tested for effectiveness under the guidelines prescribed by GASB 53. The Electric System utilized one of the three quantitative methods required by GASB 53, the synthetic instrument method. This method evaluates the effectiveness of a hedge transaction by comparing the relationship of the variable cash flows of the potential hedging item and the hedgeable item. The effectiveness testing of the Electric System's Hedging Transactions demonstrated that the hedges are effective as defined by GASB 53.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 2. Utility Plant

Electric utility plant activity for the year ended May 31, 2017, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Retirements		Ending Balance
Utility plant:								
Production plant Transmission plant Distribution plant General plant Unclassified plant in service	\$	314,676,990 31,628,550 80,910,630 21,123,368 16,026,926	\$	2,348,087 214,941 4,530,598 663,824 (3,935,352)	\$	(204,113) (19,556) (673,602) (104,318)	\$	316,820,964 31,823,935 84,767,626 21,682,874 12,091,574
Total, at original cost		464,366,464		3,822,098	•	(1,001,589)	-	467,186,973
Accumulated depreciation: Production plant Transmission plant Distribution plant General plant Total accumulated depreciation Construction in progress	-	(205,710,329) (17,839,382) (44,956,849) (12,903,899) (281,410,459) 4,558,694	-	(13,584,834) (997,536) (2,824,967) (1,095,277) (18,502,614) 2,391,143	-	204,113 19,556 666,766 107,468 997,903	× -	(219,091,050) (18,817,362) (47,115,050) (13,891,708) (298,915,170) 6,949,837
Utility plant, net	\$_		\$ <u>_</u>	(12,289,373)	\$_	(3,686)	- \$ <u>-</u>	175,221,640

Depreciation expense for the years ended May 31 was as follows:

		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Electric utility plant Telecommunications		18,059,961 174,731	<b>\$</b>	15,798,581 177,469
Transportation and stores depreciation charged to construction activities or other operating		18,234,692		15,976,050
expenses	_	267,922		267,923
	\$_	18,502,614	\$	16,243,973

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at May 31 consists of the following:

	8		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	44,583,379	\$ 51,092,267
Investments			42,841,842	37,427,652
Accrued interest receivable			463,476	391,379
Fuel and other inventories, at cost Other			10,808,057	11,662,577
Office		_	687,001	707,907
		\$_	99,383,755	\$ 101,281,782

The above balances are contained in the following funds:

			<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Operation and Maintenance Fund Construction Fund		\$	13,177,786	\$ 14,021,740
Depreciation Fund			7,035,731 4,971,208	7,956,499 5,325,505
Sinking Funds			31,145,787	31,253,257
Facility Charge Fund Reserve and Contingency Fund			7,937,837 35,115,406	7,856,374 34,868,407
		\$_	99,383,755	\$ 101,281,782

The terms of the City ordinances authorizing the Electric System's Electric Light and Power Revenue Bonds require all investment income to be credited to the various restricted asset funds.

OMU follows GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investments Pools" (GASB 31), which requires certain investments to be carried at fair value in the balance sheets and changes in the fair value of investments to be reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position. In accordance with GASB 31, OMU recorded unrealized gains (losses) of (\$273,862) and \$181,369 for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. OMU's rate making methodology does not consider unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities in its rate making process. Accordingly, under FASB ASC 980, Regulated Operations, the unrealized gains for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, have been deferred.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Restricted Assets, Continued

The net increase in the fair value of investments consists of the following:

s **		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Net realized gains (losses) on sales of investments Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments	\$	(273,862)	\$	181,369
	\$_	(273,862)	\$_	181,369

The calculation of realized gains or losses on sales of investments is independent of the calculation of the net change in the fair value of investments. Realized gains or losses on investments that were held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current year were included as a net change in the fair value of investments reported in prior years and the current year.

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments

At May 31, the carrying amounts of the Electric System's deposits in financial institutions and investments other than deposits were:

			<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Deposits in financial institutions Investments other than deposits	77	\$	73,735,944 47,871,325	\$	78,518,847 39,326,855
		\$ _	121,607,269	. \$	117,845,702

These amounts are reflected in the statements of net position as:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Temporary investments Restricted assets:	\$ 28,142,820 6,039,228	\$ 27,426,580 1,899,203
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	44,583,379 42,841,842	51,092,267 37,427,652
	\$ 121,607,269	\$ 117,845,702

Deposit and Investment Policy. The Electric System's deposit and investment policy prescribes to the prudent-person rule: Investments shall be made with applicable law and under prevailing circumstances which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital, as well as the probable income to be derived.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments, Continued

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Electric System's deposits may not be returned to it. The Electric System's deposit and investment policy permits uncollateralized deposits only if issued by institutions ranked in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. As of May 31, 2017, \$73,734,589 of the Electric System's bank balance of \$73,957,155 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	
Uninsured with collateral held by pledging bank's agent	_	73,734,589
Total	\$_	73,734,589

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Electric System's investments consist primarily of U.S. agency securities, which utilize Level 2 inputs for fair value measurements. Fair value is based upon externally developed models that use rates and prices of similar securities, due to the limited market activity of the securities.

As of May 31, 2017, the Electric System had the following investments, which are reported at fair value, with the exception of repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost.

<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturities</u>		
Repurchase agreements	12/31/2019	\$	8,900,000
Federal Farm Credit Bank - Callable	03/19/2018 thru 12/15/2025		19,862,005
Federal Home Loan Bank – Callable	12/28/2018 thru 06/29/2022		19,109,320
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	06/29/2018 thru 05/24/2022	<i>D</i>	1,009,745
		\$_	48,881,070

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments, Continued

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Electric System's deposit and investment policy limits investment maturities based upon provisions of bond ordinances. The bond ordinances limit investments contained in the Operation and Maintenance Fund to five years and limit investments in the Depreciation Fund, Sinking Funds, and Facility Charge Fund to ten years.

Credit Risk. The Electric System's deposit and investment policy authorizes the investment of funds in any manner permitted by bond ordinances and the Kentucky Revised Statutes and does not further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Other than the prudent-person rule, the Electric System's deposit and investment policy places no limit on the amount the Electric System may invest in any one issuer. The Electric System's investments, other than deposits, are in U.S. agency securities and repurchase agreements at May 31, 2017.

#### 5. Hedging Transactions

The Electric System is exposed to market price fluctuations on its sale of surplus electricity and to market price fluctuations on the price of diesel fuel, due to its long-term coal contracts, many of which contain diesel fuel adjustment clauses. To protect itself from wholesale electricity price fluctuations and diesel fuel price fluctuations, the Electric System periodically enters into electricity price and fuel swap and futures contracts (hedging transactions). Hedging transactions are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Electric System utilizes Level 2 inputs (see investment footnote for definition of fair value inputs) for fair value measurements of hedging transactions.

The Electric System enters into electricity and fuel hedging transactions at various fixed prices and notional amounts. Each electricity short hedging transaction provides for the Electric System to pay a floating price and for the contract counterparty to pay a fixed price, and each fuel hedging transaction provides for the Electric System to pay a fixed price and the contract counterparty to pay a floating price for the notional amount of each type of contract. Furthermore, the Electric System from time to time will remove an electricity short hedge position by entering into a long hedging transaction to pay a fixed price, and for the contract counterparty to pay a floating price for a like notional amount as the original hedging transaction. The notional amount of each electricity and fuel hedging transaction is measured in megawatt hours (MWh) and gallons, respectively, with the floating price based on a specific published index (spot price) for the relevant contract month.

The Electric System entered into electricity hedging transactions with notional amounts totaling 1,752,765 and 4,304,145 MWh in 2017 and 2016, respectively. Hedging transactions with notional amounts totaling 3,563,755 and 3,259,980 MWh were settled in 2017 and 2016, respectively, with a resulting gain of \$5,977,726 and \$6,814,041 in 2017 and 2016, respectively, which are reflected in other wholesale revenue. At May 31, 2017, the Electric System's outstanding electricity hedging swap transactions were as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 5. Hedging Transactions, Continued

Execution Date Range	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (MWh)	Fair Market Value
Short Hedge Positions:			
Fiscal 2015-2016	Fiscal 2018	1,005,850	\$ 1,064,501
Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2019	571,020	1,108,165
		1,576,870	2,172,666
Long Hedge Positions:			
Fiscal 2015-2016	Fiscal 2018	165,655	26,446
Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2019	15,680_	838_
		181,335	27,284
		1,758,205	2,199,950

The Electric System entered into fuel hedging transactions with notional amounts totaling 924,000 gallons in 2016 and did not enter into any fuel hedging transactions in 2017. Hedging transactions with notional amounts totaling 336,000 and 4,284,000 gallons were settled in 2017 and 2016, respectively, with resulting losses of \$5,120 and \$2,471,107 in 2017 and 2016, respectively. The above losses resulted primarily from significant declines in the price of diesel, which led to corresponding price reductions on coal shipments that partially offset the losses, as well as allowing the Electric System to negotiate price reductions on existing fuel contracts in 2016. The resulting losses, which were offset by significant reductions in fuel costs, are reflected in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Fuel for electric generation (effective hedges) Loss on hedging derivatives (ineffective hedges)	\$ (5,120) \$	(779,680) (1,691,427)
	\$ (5,120) \$	(2,471,107)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 5. Hedging Transactions, Continued

The electricity and fuel hedging transactions are settled by cash payments that are equal to the difference between the contract price and the settlement price (financially settled). These financially settled hedging transactions are hedging derivative instruments as defined by GASB 53. Accordingly, the Electric System's unrealized gains and losses on its outstanding hedging transactions are reported at fair value in other current assets, other noncurrent assets, other current liabilities and other noncurrent liabilities in its May 31, 2017 and 2016 statements of net position. The fair market value for each of the Electric System's hedging transactions have been determined by computing the difference between the contractual forward price and the published forward price at the respective market's settlement point at market closing as of May 31, 2017 and 2016. The Electric System's electricity hedging transactions settle and are valued at the AEP-Dayton Hub, the PJM West Hub and the Indiana Hub, which are settlement hubs in the PJM and MISO energy markets, respectively. The heating oil hedging transactions settle and are valued at the heating oil futures index of the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) and the diesel hedging transactions settle and are valued at the NYMEX Energy Information Administrations (EIA) Flat Tax On-Highway Diesel Futures index. The outstanding electricity hedging transactions had a fair value of \$2,199,950 and \$7,408,051 at May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The fuel hedging transactions had a fair value of \$6,146 at May 31, 2016 and there were no outstanding fuel hedging positions at May 31, 2017.

Credit Risk: The Electric System is exposed to credit risk on hedging transactions that are in an asset position. To minimize the Electric System's exposure to loss related to credit risk, the Electric System requires certain counterparties to post collateral equal to all or a portion of the fair value of hedging transactions in asset positions (net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements) should the fair value of the netted contracts exceed contractually agreed upon parameters or if the credit rating of a certain counterparty or, an affiliated guarantor of the counterparty, is at, or falls below, contractually agreed-upon levels. Collateral posted is in the form of a letter of credit or US dollars held by the Electric System. At May 31, 2017, the Electric System's rated counterparties, or affiliated guarantors, had credit ratings ranging from A to BBB+ as established by a nationally recognized rating organization. The Electric System also had two counterparties that were not rated but had provided a letter of credit for the purpose of establishing credit.

It is the Electric System's practice to enter into netting arrangements whenever it has entered into more than one financially settled forward swap contract transaction with a counterparty. If one party becomes insolvent or defaults on its obligations, closeout netting provisions permit the non-defaulting party to accelerate and terminate all outstanding transactions and net the transactions' fair values so that a single sum will be owed to, or owed by, the non-defaulting party.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 5. Hedging Transactions, Continued

The aggregate fair value of outstanding Hedging Transactions in asset positions with counterparties that the Electric System had a net asset position with at May 31, 2017, was \$4,199,726. The asset positions represent the maximum loss that would be incurred at the reporting date if all counterparties failed to perform as contracted. This maximum exposure is reduced by \$497,650 of collateral held and \$1,985,609 of outstanding Hedging Transactions in a liability position included in netting arrangements with those counterparties, resulting in a net exposure to credit risk of \$1,716,467.

Basis Risk: The Electric System is exposed to basis risk on its hedging transactions because the price of the expected physical commodity sale being hedged will be priced at pricing points (South Import PJM Interface or LG&E MISO Interface), which are different than the pricing points at which the hedging transactions will settle (AEP-Dayton Hub, PJM West Hub or Indiana Hub). Management believes this risk is not material based on quantitative analysis.

Termination Risk: The Electric System is exposed to termination risk on its hedging transactions because a counterparty may fail to perform under the terms of one or more contracts resulting in the termination of the aggregate contracts with that counterparty. To minimize the Electric System's exposure to loss related to termination risk, the Electric System requires counterparties to post collateral equal to the fair value of hedging transactions in asset positions (net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements) should the fair value of the netted contracts exceed contractually agreed upon parameters or if the credit rating of a certain counterparty, or an affiliated guarantor of the counterparty, is at, or falls below, contractually agreed-upon levels. If at the time of termination the net position of financially settled power contracts with a terminating party is in an aggregate liability position, the Electric System would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the aggregate liability position, subject to netting arrangements.

Commitments: Hedging transactions provide that the Electric System post collateral in the event that 1) OMU's credit profile falls below contractually agreed-upon parameters or 2) the fair value of the Electric System's hedging transactions are in a liability position (net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements) should the fair value of the netted contracts exceed contractually agreed-upon parameters. When collateral is posted, it is in US dollars in the amount of the fair value of the hedging derivative instruments in liability positions (net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements). If the Electric System does not post collateral, the aggregate outstanding hedging transactions may be terminated by the counterparty. If the collateral posting requirements related to OMU's credit profile had been triggered at May 31, 2017, the Electric System would have been required to post collateral with its counterparties in the amount \$14,167.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended May 31, 2017, was as follows:

				-	•	,	 		
5		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds payable: Series of 1991-B Series of 2002-A Series of 2010-A Series of 2010-B Series of 2010-C Series of 2013-A Series of 2013-B	\$	54,718,792 12,985,000 10,070,000 31,425,000 8,935,000 8,875,000 77,100,000	\$	3,413,709 - - - - - -	\$	(15,725,000) (2,955,000) - - - - -	\$ 42,407,501 10,030,000 10,070,000 31,425,000 8,935,000 8,875,000 77,100,000	\$	15,111,851 3,140,000 - - - -
Add unamortized debt premium		204,108,792 3,170,867	-	3,413,709		(18,680,000)	188,842,501 2,814,073		18,251,851
Total long-term debt	\$_	207,279,659	\$	3,413,709	\$	(19,036,794)	\$ 191,656,574	\$	18,251,851
Long-term debt at Bonds:	Ma	ay 31 consi	sts		_			~	
Series of 1991-B Deferred intere interest compo at 6.70% to 6. interest due fro (original prince at May 31, 20	st bound 95% om ipal	ded semi-an 6, principal a 2017 to 202 l of outstand	nua and 0 ling	bonds	\$	<u>2017</u> 42,407,501	\$ 54,718		2
Series of 2002-A: 6.34% due 202 sinking fund	20, s					10,030,000	12,985,		
Series of 2010-A: Current interes due from 202	t bo	onds, 4.88% 2022	to 5	5.03%,		10,070,000	10,070,	000	)
Series of 2010-B: Current interes due from 202			to 5	5.58%,		31,425,000	31,425,	000	)
Series of 2010-C: Current interes due from 202						8,935,000	8,935,	000	)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Long-Term Debt, Continued

Series of 2013-A: Current interest bonds, 3.40% to 3.65%,		
due from 2021 to 2022	8,875,000	8,875,000
Series of 2013-B: Current interest bonds, 3.00% to 5.00%,		
due from 2022 to 2027	<u>77,100,000</u>	77,100,000
Total long-term debt	188,842,501	204,108,792
Less current maturities	(18,251,851)	(18,066,845)
Add unamortized debt premium	2,814,073	3,170,867
	\$173,404,723	\$189,212,814

Sinking fund requirements and scheduled aggregate maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending May 31:	Principal		Interest		Total
2018 2019	\$ 18,865,000 19,065,000	\$	7,035,383	\$	25,900,383
2020	19,275,000	151	6,836,307 6,624,551		25,901,307 25,899,551
2021 2022	18,550,000 19,385,000		6,399,481 5,561,233		24,949,481 24,946,233
2023 – 2027	98,470,000		12,958,949	8	111,428,949
	\$ 193,610,000	\$	45,415,904	\$	239,025,904

The scheduled principal maturities include \$4,767,499 of interest scheduled to be incurred in future years on deferred interest bonds, which will be compounded and added to the original principal amounts.

The Electric System is subject to certain debt covenants, compliance with which is required by the ordinances authorizing its bond issues. Such ordinances require revenue to be first applied to the Sinking Funds, second to the Operations and Maintenance Fund, third to the Additions and Replacements Fund, fourth to the Depreciation Fund, fifth to the Reserve and Contingency Fund, and, finally, to the Facility Charge Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Long-Term Debt, Continued

On December 6, 1991, the City issued \$62,474,359 of Electric Light and Power System Revenue Bonds, 1991-B series, dated December 6, 1991. These deferred interest bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 6.70% to 6.95% which, when compounded semi-annually and added to the original principal amount, will result in compounded amounts at scheduled maturities in 2005 to 2020 of \$25,000 per bond.

The 1991-B Bonds were issued to provide construction funds for certain pollution control facilities and equipment, certain solid waste disposal facilities and equipment and related purposes.

The 1991-B series is not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

On February 27, 2002, the City issued \$34,905,000 of Electric Light and Power System Revenue Bonds, Taxable 2002-A Series and \$12,205,000 of Electric Light and Power System Revenue Bonds, Tax-Exempt 2002-B Series, each dated February 1, 2002.

The 2002-A and B Bonds were issued to provide construction funds for certain pollution control facilities and equipment.

The 2002-A series is subject to scheduled redemption prior to maturity based upon annual pro rata sinking fund redemptions. In addition, the 2002-A series is subject to early redemption, in whole or in part, at any time, at terms specified in the 2002 Official Statement.

On November 18, 2010, the City issued \$10,070,000 of Electric Light and Power System Revenue Bonds, Taxable 2010-A Series, \$31,425,000 of Electric Light and Power System Revenue Bonds, Taxable 2010-B Series (Build America Bonds) and \$8,935,000 of Electric Light and Power System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Tax-Exempt 2010-C Series, each dated November 4, 2010. The 2010 Bonds were issued to fund various capital improvement expenditures for the Electric System and to refund the 2002-B series bonds. substance defeasance of the 2002-B Bonds was accomplished by placing approximately \$9,274,976 in proceeds from the 2010-C Bonds and \$170,826 in funds from the 2002-B Bond Sinking Fund in an irrevocable escrow fund to be used solely for satisfying scheduled debt service payments of the 2002-B Bonds. Accordingly, the 2002-B Bonds in the amount of \$9,230,000, net of unamortized discount and issuance costs of \$123,543 and accrued interest payable of \$164,248, were extinguished resulting in the accounting recognition of a loss from defeasance of \$175,097, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a reduction of long-term debt. The City advance refunded the 2002-B bonds to extend the repayment period of the bond, reduce its near term annual debt payments and reduce the effective rate on the debt. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$558,382.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Long-Term Debt, Continued

The 2010-B Series bonds (Build America Bonds – Direct Payment) were issued in connection with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Act). Under the Act, state and local governments were authorized to issue taxable bonds to finance capital expenditures for which they could otherwise issue tax-exempt bonds, and receive from the IRS a direct interest subsidy totaling 35% of the total coupon interest paid to investors. Due to current federal budget sequestration, the direct interest subsidy is currently reduced to 33% of the total coupon interest. Interest subsidy received for fiscal years 2017 and 2016 was \$538,954 and \$539,243, respectively. Remaining interest subsidies scheduled through maturities of the bonds, before budget sequestration reductions, are as follows:

#### Year Ending May 31:

2018	\$	578,846
2019		578,846
2020		578,846
2021		578,846
2022		503,779
2023 - 2027		868,069
	\$	3,687,232

The 2010-A, B and C series are subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part on any date on or after January 1, 2020, at the redemption price (expressed as a percentage of principal amount to be redeemed) of 100%, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. Furthermore, the 2010-B series (Build America Bonds) may be subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part upon the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event, as defined in the Official Statement. As discussed above, Build America Bonds involve a payment to the issuer from the United States Treasury for a portion of the interest payable on such bonds. If the associated payment from the United States Treasury is reduced or eliminated through no fault of the issuer (Extraordinary Event), the bonds will become redeemable, at the option of the issuer, at a potentially reduced redemption price, as defined in the Official Statement.

On June 25, 2013, the City issued \$8,875,000 of Electric Light and Power System Revenue Bonds, Taxable 2013-A Series and \$77,100,000 of Electric Light and Power System Revenue Bonds, Tax-Exempt 2013-B Series, each dated June 25, 2013. The 2013 Bonds were issued to fund various capital improvement expenditures for the Electric System and to refund certain 1991-B series bonds. The in-substance defeasance of the 1991-B Bonds was accomplished by placing \$40,325,905 in proceeds from the 2013-B Bonds and \$6,552,083 in funds from the 1991-B Bond Sinking Fund in an irrevocable escrow fund to be used solely for satisfying scheduled debt service payments of the 1991-B Bonds. Accordingly, the 1991-B Bonds in the amount of \$42,597,295, net of unamortized discount and issuance costs of \$211,974, were extinguished resulting in the accounting recognition of a loss from

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Long-Term Debt, Continued

defeasance of \$4,492,667, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow. The City advance refunded the 1991-B bonds to extend the repayment period of the bond and reduce its near term annual debt payments. The advance refunding resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$2,993,589.

The 2013-A and B series are subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part on any date on or after January 1, 2020, at the redemption price (expressed as a percentage of principal amount to be redeemed) of 100%, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

All bonds are secured by a pledge of, and are payable from, the gross revenues derived from the operation of the Electric System and are secured by a statutory mortgage lien as provided and authorized by the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

#### 7. Dividends - City of Owensboro

Under the terms of City ordinances authorizing the Electric System bonds, whenever all specified or required transfers and payments have been set aside and paid into the restricted asset funds and there is a balance in excess of the amount to be set aside and paid into the restricted asset funds during the next succeeding two months (approximately \$23,496,000 at May 31, 2017), the City Utility Commission may withdraw and transfer from such excess to the general fund of the City in any fiscal year an amount not to exceed 10% of the value of the City's ownership (net assets) exclusive of interest accumulated on deposits in the Reserve and Contingency Fund (\$11,189,710 at May 31, 2017) and amounts in the Facility Charge Fund (\$7,937,837 at May 31, 2017) as shown on the Electric System's books on the first day of the fiscal year. The Ordinance also allows for the transfer to the City of a sum equal to the dollar value of services purchased by the City from the Electric System in the fiscal year, not to exceed, however, \$700,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1985, and thereafter increasing at a compound rate of 5% per annum. Transfers to the City under this ordinance and agreement were \$9,121,316 and \$8,817,687 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### 8. Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

The Electric System contributes to the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) that covers all regular full-time members employed in nonhazardous positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 8. Pension Plan, Continued

#### Plan Description, Continued

additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (Board). CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.kyret.ky.gov">www.kyret.ky.gov</a>.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CERS provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members through its pension fund. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Retirement benefits are determined using a formula which considers the member's final compensation; benefit factors set by statute which vary depending upon the type / amount of service, participation date, and retirement date; and years of service. Plan members with a participation date prior to September 1, 2008, are eligible to retire with full benefits at any time with 27 or more years of service credit, or at age 65 with at least 48 months of service credit. Plan members with a participation date on or after September 1, 2008, are eligible to retire with full benefits at age 57 if the member's age and years of service equal 87, or at age 65 with at least 60 months of service credit. Plan members with a participating date on or after January 1, 2014, are eligible for retirement benefits under the provisions established for a hybrid Cash Balance Plan.

CERS also provides for retiree medical benefits through its insurance fund. Generally accepted accounting and financial reporting principles do not currently require recognition and reporting of the liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense associated with this postemployment benefit. Therefore, such information has not been reflected in these financial statements.

#### **Contributions**

Per Kentucky Revised Statues Section 78.545(33), contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the KRS Board. Plan members who began participating in CERS prior to September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation to the pension fund. For Plan members who began participating in CERS on or after September 1, 2008, the contribution rate is 6%, of which 1% is contributed to the insurance fund. The Electric System's actuarially determined contribution rate as of May 31, 2017, was 18.68% of annual creditable compensation, of which 13.95% and 4.73% was contributed to the pension and insurance funds within CERS, respectively. Contributions to CERS pension fund by the Electric System were \$2,062,855 for the year ended May 31, 2017.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 8. Pension Plan, Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At May 31, 2017, the Electric System reported a liability of \$30,858,179 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Electric System's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Electric System's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2016, measurement date, the Electric System's proportion was 0.626738%, an increase of 0.016102% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, of 0.610636%.

For the year ended May 31, 2017, the Electric System recognized pension expense of \$4,246,945. At May 31, 2017, the Electric System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	<b>1</b> 7
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	134,719	\$	_	
Changes of assumptions		1,634,701		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		424,910		354,685	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		2,900,984		•	
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,572,783			
Total	\$_	7,668,097	\$.	354,685	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 8. Pension Plan, Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

The \$2,572,783 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Electric System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending May 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending May 31,

2018		\$	1,676,242
2019			1,217,156
2020			1,202,742
2021		_	644,489
		\$	4,740,629

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

3.5 %

Salary increases

4.0 average, including inflation

Investment rate

of return

7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%, which was unchanged from the prior year rate. The discount rate does not use a municipal bond rate.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 8. Pension Plan, Continued

#### **Projected Cash Flows**

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 27 year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period.

#### Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for CERS. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013 is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

#### Periods of Projected Benefit Payments

Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2117.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 8. Pension Plan, Continued

#### **Assumed Asset Allocation**

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Combined equity	44%	5.40%
Combined fixed income	19	1.50
Real return (diversified inflation strategies)	10	3.50
Real estate	5	4.50
Absolute return (diversified hedge funds)	10	4.25
Private equity	10	8.50
Cash equivalents	2	-0.25
Total	100%	

Sensitivity of the Electric System's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Electric System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Electric System's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Discount rate	of net pension liability
1% decrease	6.5%	\$38,454,288
Current discount rate	7.5%	\$30,858,179
1% increase	8.5%	\$24,346,801

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the CERS fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 8. Pension Plan, Continued

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

At May 31, 2017, the Electric System reported a payable of \$321,754 for the outstanding amount of contributions due to CERS for the year.

#### 9. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

#### Plan Description

The Electric System contributes to the Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance fund (Insurance Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for members receiving benefits from the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS), the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), and the State Police Retirement System (SPRS). The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payments of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance, based on years of service, for retirees and certain eligible beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Kentucky General Assembly. KRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

#### **Funding Policy**

Per Kentucky Revised Statues 78.545(33), contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the KRS Board. The Electric System was required to contribute at actuarially determined rates of 4.73%, 4.64%, and 4.92% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. Members hired after September 1, 2008, contribute 1% to the Insurance Fund. The Electric System's contributions to the Insurance Fund for the years ending May 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$699,448, \$712,851, and \$698,185, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

The Electric System has entered into contracts to purchase fuel and related products for electric generation. Although contracts have termination provisions, minimum future payments on these contracts for the years ending May 31 are estimated to be as follows:

2018		\$ 59,483,841
2019		41,098,871
2020		11,932,958
		\$ 112,515,670

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies, Continued

OMU is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. OMU manages its risks through coverages provided by private insurance carriers for various risks of losses to which it is exposed, including directors and officers, employee dishonesty, boiler and machinery, workers' compensation, and other property risks. The boiler and machinery policy contains a deductible of \$500,000 and excludes acts of terrorism from its coverage. OMU is self-insured for group health and limits its risks of loss by purchasing reinsurance coverage.

OMU has been identified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as one of numerous parties that may be liable for damages under federal law with respect to a superfund hazardous waste site. Through May 31, 2017, OMU has paid \$57,500, plus legal costs, related to this matter. Based upon the opinion of its outside legal counsel, management does not anticipate additional costs to be material, however, the ultimate resolution of this matter and the related financial impact on OMU, if any, cannot be determined at this time.

There are a number of other pending legal actions involving OMU. Management believes that the outcome of such legal actions and claims will not have a material effect on OMU's financial position or results of operations.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	2017	<u>2016</u>	2015
Electric System's proportion of the net pension liability	0.626738%	0.610636%	0.632508%
Electric System's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30,858,179	\$ 26,254,442	\$ 20,520,943
Electric System's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,035,975	\$ 14,221,628	\$ 14,612,052
Electric System's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	205.23%	184.61%	140.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	55.50%	59.97%	59.31%

<sup>\*</sup> Presented for those years for which the information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

			<u>2017</u>		2016		2015
Contractually required contributions		\$	2,062,855	\$	1,908,105	\$	1,820,510
Contributions in relation to the contractually required co	ntributions	(	(2,062,855)	_	(1,908,105)		(1,820,510)
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$	-	\$_		\$_	
Electric System's covered-employee payroll		\$ 1	4,889,969	\$	15,097,888	\$	14,199,426
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee pa	iyroll		13.85%		12.64%		12.82%

<sup>\*</sup> Presented for those years for which the information is available.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

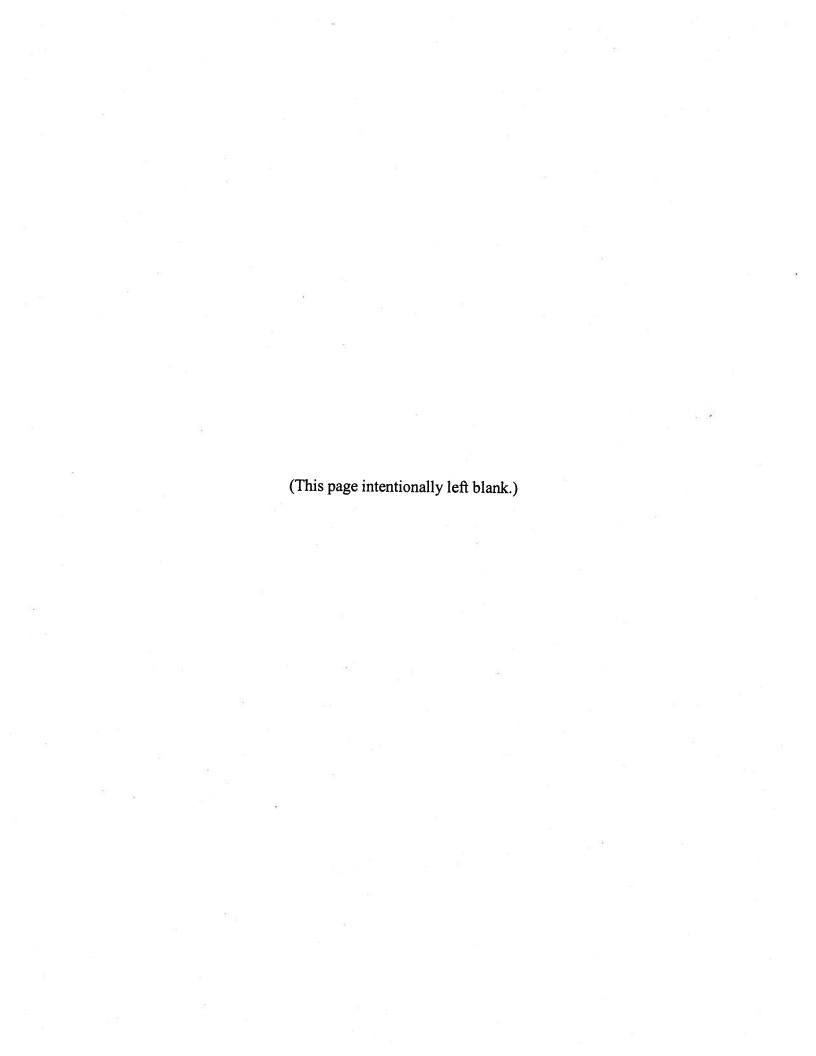
Year Ended May 31, 2017

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Changes of Assumptions

None



### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Year Ended May 31, 2017 (with comparative totals for 2016)

	Retail Electric System	Wholesale Power Marketing
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services:		
Residential	\$ 31,013,549	\$ -
Commercial	 5,926,398	-
Industrial	52,944,090	-
Water Works System	1,075,310	_
City of Owensboro and Schools	2,775,201	
Supplemental power	2,773,201	1,405,095
Other wholesale	<u>-</u>	49,019,933
	-	49,019,933
Electric Light and Power System	394,806	-
Build America Bond subsidy		-
Other	1,588,365	-
Total operating revenues	95,717,719	50,425,028
Operating expenses:		
Production:		
Fuel for electric generation	•	-
Purchased power	47,435,440	59,146,111
Other		- 100
Transmission and distribution	5,963,890	3,762,767
Customer service and information	1,852,452	· -
General and administrative	4,881,552	1,585,658
Telecommunications	-	-
Depreciation	3,889,260	-
Total operating expenses	64,022,594	64,494,536
Operating income (loss)	31,695,125	(14,069,508)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest and debt expense	(1,741,307)	_
Interest and debt expense Interest income on investments	755,008	11,295
Interest income on Elmer Smith Generating Station	755,000	11,293
investments allocated to:		
	987,833	
Electric System  Loss on investment derivative instruments	907,033	
Other, net	-	5.0
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	(2,810)	-
Deferred net change in fair value of investments	2,810	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,534	11,295
Income before transfers	31,696,659	(14,058,213)
Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro	(9,121,316)	-
Change in net position	\$ 22,575,343	\$ (14,058,213)

	Elmer Smith Generating Station	Telecommunications	Eliminations	<u>Total</u>	2016 <u>Total</u>
\$	- - - - - - 99,814,541	\$ 84,171 1,190,549 26,260 49,991	\$ - - - - - (37,968)	\$ 31,097,720 7,116,947 52,944,090 1,101,570 2,825,192 1,405,095 48,981,965	\$ 30,131,855 7,005,427 52,603,819 999,908 2,195,241 1,199,388 44,907,850
-	144,148	184,096 - - -	(99,998,637) - (103,990)	538,954 1,484,375	539,243 1,221,958
= _	99,958,689	1,535,067	(100,140,595)	147,495,908	140,804,689
	56,664,811 29,867 16,233,560 76,848 3,401,291 14,170,701 90,577,078 9,381,611 (9,408,659)	69,650 147,868 851,065 174,731 1,243,314 291,753	(99,852,509) (12,180) (113,334) (117,446) (45,126) (100,140,595)	56,664,811 6,758,909 16,221,380 9,690,171 1,922,102 9,898,923 805,939 18,234,692 120,196,927 27,298,981	49,267,137 6,847,091 21,792,325 8,321,746 1,475,606 13,786,217 510,469 15,976,050 117,976,641 22,828,048
	996,767	1	(11,016)	1,752,055	1,739,614
2.	(987,833) 18,114 (271,052) 271,052			18,114 (273,862) 273,862	(1,691,427) 85,429 181,369 (181,369)
	(9,381,611)	(11,015)	-	(9,379,797)	(11,394,040)
	-	280,738	•	17,919,184	11,434,008
_		<u> </u>		(9,121,316)	(8,817,687)
\$ <u> </u>	-	\$ 280,738 \$	-	\$ 8,797,868	2,616,321



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Utility Commission
City of Owensboro, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Owensboro Municipal Utilities Water Works System (Water System) of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, as of and for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

City Utility Commission Page Two

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Owensboro Municipal Utilities Water Works System of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements present only the Water System, an enterprise fund of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Owensboro, Kentucky, as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows, for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 43 through 46, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 69, and the Schedule of Contributions on page 70, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Ruey Harvock CPAS PSC

Owensboro, Kentucky September 7, 2017

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Owensboro Municipal Utilities Water Works System (Water System) financial performance provides an overview of the Water System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Water System's financial statements, which begin on page 47.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Water System's financial condition and performance.

The financial statements report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The financial statements include a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position; a Statement of Cash Flows; and Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Water System and thus provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the results of the business activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operational, financing and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursements information, without consideration of the earnings event or when an obligation arises.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the Water System's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

### Financial Summary

The following table summarizes the financial condition and operations of the Water System for 2017 and 2016.

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	2017	<u>2016</u>
Utility plant, net Restricted assets Current assets Other noncurrent assets Deferred outflow of resources	\$ 45,973,223 9,857,786 7,134,248 1,074,073 2,281,764	\$ 45,939,585 11,616,260 6,082,987 1,188,283 1,259,350
	\$ 66,321,094	\$ 66,086,465
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position		
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 21,631,568 1,149,286 1,964,817	\$ 23,014,448 984,200 801,377
Total net position	24,745,671	24,800,025
Long-term debt Current liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	32,929,079 2,139,305 6,214,089 292,950	33,163,477 2,264,113 5,330,028 528,822
	\$ 66,321,094	\$ 66,086,465
Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Operating revenues	\$ 11,522,989	\$ 11,175,649
Operating expenses	10,215,665	9,418,420
Operating income	1,307,324	1,757,229
Interest expense Interest and other income	(1,525,999) <u>173,992</u>	(1,520,179) 142,778
Net nonoperating expenses	(1,352,007)	(1,377,401)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Capital contributions Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro	(44,683) 300,711 (310,382)	379,828 143,222 (296,038)
Change in net position	\$ (54,354)	\$ 227,012

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position decreased \$54,354 in 2017, and the income (loss) before contributions and transfers was \$(44,683) in 2017 versus \$379,828 in 2016, as a result of changes in operating revenues, operating expenses and interest as discussed below.
- Operating revenues increased by \$347,340 in 2017 when compared to 2016, or 3.1%. The increase in revenues in 2017 is primarily attributable to an increase in revenue from the three rural water districts for whom the Water System supplies wholesale water. The cost-based revenues provided in the water district contracts increased as a result of increased operating costs as discussed below.
- Operating expenses increased \$797,245 in 2017 when compared to 2016, or 8.5%, largely due to an increase in production and purification cost of \$849,904, or 31.6%. General and administrative expense declined \$658,821, or 26.5%, as the Water System began allocating payroll overhead cost, including taxes, retirement and other benefits, consistent with how wages were charged in 2017. Previously payroll overhead costs were included in general and administrative expense. Partially offsetting this reduction was an increase in retirement expense of \$286,000 in 2017, largely due to adjustments resulting from the most recent CERS annual pension actuarial valuation. The payroll overhead shift also contributed to the increase in production and purification cost, as well as increased electricity cost and additional planned maintenance of wells. Transmission and distribution cost increased by \$329,502 in 2017, or 33.3% and customer service and information cost increase \$181,766, or 30.2%, primarily due to the additional payroll overhead allocations.
- Interest expense increased slightly by \$5,820 in 2017, or 0.4%, due to a full year of interest incurred on the 2015 Series bonds, which were issues during fiscal 2016. Partially offsetting the 2015 bond interest increase were reductions in interest due to scheduled debt repayments, as well as savings from the debt refunding, as discussed below. Interest income increased \$29,048, or 25.8%, primarily due to higher rates received on bank balances and investment balances.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, the Water System had \$46 million invested in a broad range of assets, including wells, treatment facilities and equipment, storage tanks, buildings and water mains. This amount represents a slight increase from 2016 due to capital asset additions. The following table summarizes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at the end of 2017 and 2016.

		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Source of supply plant	\$	3,015,671	\$ 3,152,205
Pumping plant		369,327	398,557
Water treatment plant		13,577,778	14,327,428
Transmission and distribution plant		21,707,764	21,889,750
General plant		1,158,230	1,360,079
Unclassified plant and construction in progress	_	6,144,453	4,811,566
	\$_	45,973,223	\$ 45,939,585

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION, CONTINUED

#### Capital Assets, Continued

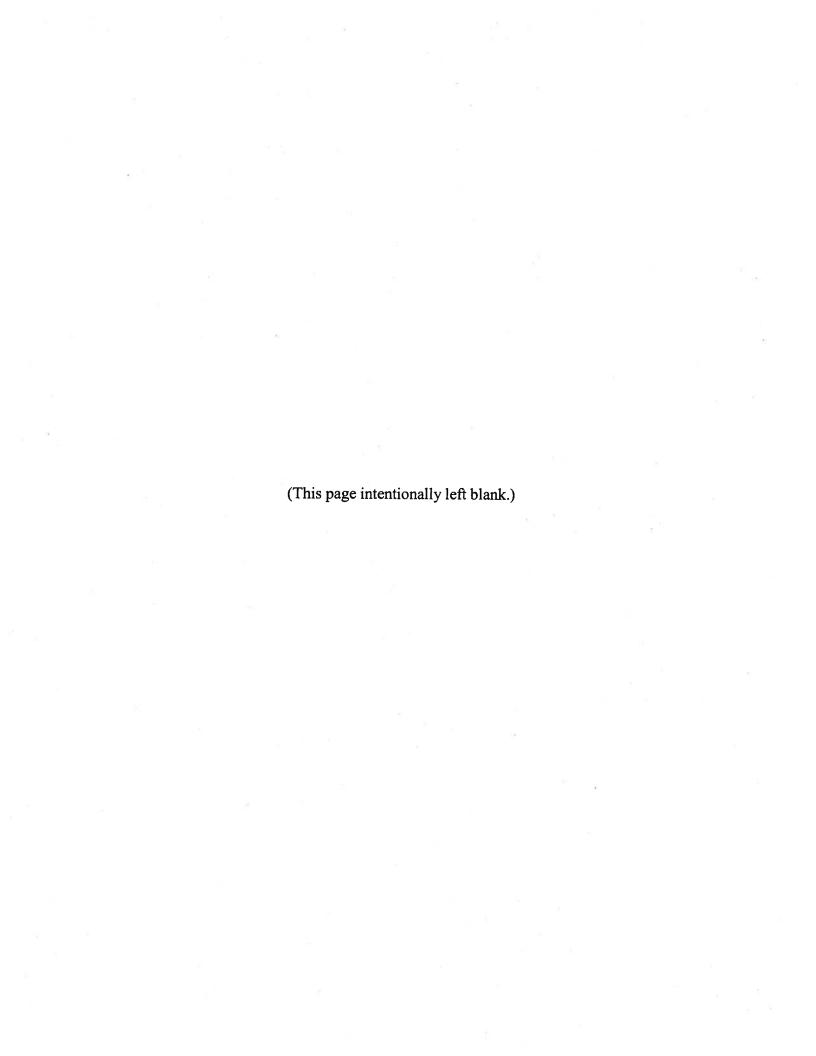
In addition to the Water System's routine additions and replacement of distribution plant, the Water System incurred \$782,000 for design services related to expansion of the Water System's Cavin water treatment plant, to allow for abandonment of its treatment Plant "A" as a result of foundation settlement issues at the aging facility.

#### Debt

At the end of 2017, the Water System had \$33.8 million in bonds outstanding versus \$33.9 million in 2016, for a slight decrease of 0.4%. In fiscal 2017, \$6.6 million in 2016 Series bonds were issued to advance refund \$5.9 million of 2009 Series bonds at a lower interest rate. The additional debt which resulted from the refunding was slightly less than the scheduled debt repayments, which resulted in the overall decline in outstanding bonds. The Water System's bonds are insured and as a result Standard and Poor's Rating Services has assigned a rating of "AA" (Stable) and Moody's Investors Service has assigned an underlying rating of "A1" to the bonds.

#### Outlook

In 2018, the Water System will be finalizing plans to expand the treatment capability at the Cavin Water Treatment Plant, as mentioned above. The Water System is anticipating adjusting rates and issuing additional debt in 2018 to fund the treatment plant expansion. As a result, we expect the 2018 results to improve as compared to 2017, largely as a result of this anticipated water rate adjustment which will increase retail operating revenues, while overall costs are expected to increase only slightly.



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

May 31, 2017 and 2016

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>2017</u>	2016
Utility plant, net	\$ 45,973,223	\$ 45,939,585
Restricted assets	9,857,786	11,616,260
Character and the control of the con		2 9
Current assets:	1 256 260	2 004 925
Cash and cash equivalents	1,256,269	2,084,825
Investments	3,269,581	1,370,862
Accounts receivable, less allowance for		
doubtful accounts of \$4,579 for 2017 and	1 000 504	2,002,207
\$6,196 for 2016	1,988,594 499,550	510,274
Materials and supplies	120,254	114,819
Prepayments	120,234	114,019
Total current assets	7,134,248	6,082,987
Other noncurrent assets	1,074,073	1,188,283
Total assets	64,039,330	64,827,115
D 6 1 1 4 9 4 6 1 2 2 2 2		
Deferred outflows of resources:	1,514,887	1,058,374
Deferred pension outflow Unamortized loss on debt refunding	723,289	200,838
Net unrealized loss on investments	43,588	138
Net diffeatized loss on investments	45,500	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,281,764	1,259,350
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 66,321,094	\$ 66,086,465

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 21,631,568	\$ 23,014,448
Restricted for capital projects, net of related debt	393,915	323,675
Restricted for debt service	755,371	660,525
Unrestricted	1,964,817	801,377
Total net position	24,745,671	24,800,025
Long-term debt	32,929,079	33,163,477
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):		
Current maturities of long-term debt	860,000	770,000
Accrued interest payable	274,466	304,342
Accounts payable	700,923	578,189
	1,835,389	1,652,531
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):		
Accounts payable	303,916	611,582
Total current liabilities	2,139,305	2,264,113
Other noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability	6,095,910	5,199,116
Customers' advances for construction	118,179	130,912
Total other noncurrent liabilities	6,214,089	5,330,028
Total liabilities	41,282,473	40,757,618
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Deferred pension inflows	70,067	116,706
Deferred revenues	222,883	412,116
Total liabilities defended in Grane 6	292,950	528,822
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 66,321,094	\$ 66,086,465

## STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

## Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Residential	9	4,118,555		\$ 4,190,006
Commercial		3,882,440		3,838,455
Water districts		2,344,208		2,020,162
Fire protection		265,020		258,514
City of Owensboro		310,382		296,038
Electric Light and Power System		320,456		313,655
Service revenues		281,928		258,819
Total operating revenues		11,522,989	•	11,175,649
Operating expenses:				
Production and purification		3,537,744		2,687,840
Transmission and distribution		1,318,956		989,454
Customer service and information		783,930		602,164
General and administrative		1,819,627		2,478,448
Depreciation		2,755,408		2,660,514
Total operating expenses		10,215,665		9,418,420
Operating income		1,307,324		1,757,229
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		•		
Interest and debt expense		(1,525,999)		(1,520,179)
Interest income on investments		141,477		112,429
Gain on sale of utility plant		32,515		30,349
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(43,450)		•
Deferred net change in fair value of investments		` ' '		47,647
		43,450		(47,647)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(1,352,007)		(1,377,401)
Income before contributions and transfers		(44,683)		379,828
Capital contributions		300,711		143,222
Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro		(310,382)		(296,038)
and the state of t	•	(310,302)		(290,030)
Change in net position		(54,354)		227,012
Net position, beginning of year	_	24,800,025		24,573,013
Net position, end of year	\$_	24,745,671	\$	24,800,025
	-			

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017		<u>2016</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$	11,330,269	\$	11,036,718
Payments to suppliers	•	(4,510,937)		(3,930,411)
Payments to employees		(2,751,157)		(2,598,059)
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,068,175		4,508,248
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		(6)		
Transfers out - dividends to City of Owensboro	9	(310,315)		(285,337)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(2,428,355)		(2,647,203)
Payments on long-term debt		(770,000)		(725,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(1,285,117)		(1,319,329)
Proceeds from bond issuance		6,511,882		5,300,652
Payment to refunded bond agent		(6,521,094)		-
Reimbursements of customers' advances		(7,465)		(8,864)
Debt issuance cost		(44,050)		(111,203)
Net cash provided by capital and related				
financing activities		(4,544,199)		489,053
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of investments		(4,911,067)		(1,819,400)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments		3,004,000		
Interest on investments		128,726		110,230
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(1,778,341)		(1,709,170)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,564,680)		3,002,794
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	11,472,305		8,469,511
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	8,907,625	\$	11,472,305
Included in the following balance sheet captions:		***		
Cash and cash equivalents, unrestricted	\$	1,256,269	\$	2,084,825
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-	7,651,356	-	9,387,480
	\$_	8,907,625	\$	11,472,305
See Notes to Financial Statements	=		=	

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, Concluded

### Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
	<b>\$</b> 1	1,307,324	\$	1,757,229
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	#124 E	.,	•	1,707,229
Depreciation	2	2,845,408		2,750,514
Change in assets and liabilities:		.,,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Decrease (increase) in assets:				
Accounts receivable		13,546		(175,707)
Materials and supplies		10,724		(4,270)
Prepayments		(5,435)		7,400
Other noncurrent assets		(136)		1,195
Deferred outflows of resources		(456,513)		(596,852)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				. ,
Accounts payable		(307,665)		(37,926)
Other current liabilities		-		-
Other noncurrent liabilities		896,794		1,097,340
Deferred inflows		(235,872)		(290,675)
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	S <u>4</u>	,068,175	\$	4,508,248
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:				
Noncash contributions in aid of construction \$		295,443	\$	80,948
Unrefunded customers' advances credited to contributions in aid of construction \$	£	5,268	\$	62,274
Amortization of debt discount and expense and deferred loss on debt defeasance \$		201,624	\$	162,574

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### General Information

In 1940, the City of Owensboro, Kentucky (the City), established the City Utility Commission to manage, control, and operate Owensboro Municipal Utilities (OMU). City officials appoint the five individuals who comprise the City Utility Commission. OMU consists of the Electric Light and Power System (Electric System) and the Water Works System (Water System), which are separate enterprise funds of the City. Accordingly, the Electric System and the Water System are part of the financial reporting entity of the City. The accompanying financial statements present only the Water System and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City and changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Water System is subject to regulation, including approval of rates charged for utility services, by the City, as set forth in the applicable city ordinances.

The Water System provides water to approximately 24,000 residential, commercial and industrial customers in Owensboro, Kentucky. The Water System also furnishes water to three rural water districts in Daviess County, Kentucky, under wholesale supply agreements.

#### System of Accounts and Basis of Accounting

The Water System's accounts are maintained substantially in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts for water companies developed by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Water System considers water revenues and costs that are directly related to production, purification, transmission, and distribution of water to be operating revenues and expenses. Revenues and expenses related to financing and other activities are reflected as nonoperating. The Water System accrues revenues as services are rendered to utility customers.

#### Utility Plant and Depreciation

Utility plant is stated at original cost, which includes the cost of contracted services, materials, labor, labor-related expenditures, general and administrative costs and an allowance for borrowed funds used during construction.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Utility Plant and Depreciation, Continued

Replacements of depreciable property units, except minor replacements, are charged to utility plant. In addition, the costs of refurbishments of water tanks are charged to utility plant. Property units replaced or retired, including cost of removal net of any salvage, are charged to accumulated depreciation. Routine maintenance, repairs and minor replacement costs are charged to expense as incurred.

Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction includes capitalized interest during the construction period less any interest income on construction fund investments from bond proceeds during such period. Capitalization of interest is discontinued when the project is completed and the related utility plant is placed in service.

Depreciation of utility plant and unclassified plant in service is provided using the straight-line composite rate method over the estimated service lives of the depreciable assets. Estimated service lives of assets range from 5 to 80 years. Depreciation expense during 2017 and 2016 was approximately 3.4% of the average original cost of depreciable utility plant in service.

#### Restricted Assets

The City ordinances that authorized the Water Revenue Bonds require that certain amounts from bond proceeds and payments by customers for services provided be deposited into designated funds and be used only for the specified purposes of the funds. The Water System's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts. The Water System categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. U.S. government obligations, agency securities and negotiable certificates of deposit are stated at fair values based upon externally developed models that use rates and prices of similar securities.

The Water System considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Unrestricted investments with initial maturities exceeding three months, consisting of U.S. agency securities and negotiable certificates of deposit, are classified as temporary investments.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consisting of materials and supplies are valued at the lower of weighted average cost or market.

#### **Bond Issuance Costs**

Premiums and discounts arising from various bond issues are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the lives of the bond issues.

The Water System's rate making methodology allows for future recovery of debt costs, including bond issuance costs, in its rate making process. Accordingly, under FASB ASC 980, *Regulated Operations*, debt issuance costs are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the lives of the bond issues.

The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of defeased bond issues has been deferred and is being amortized using the straight-line method over the lives of the refunding bond issues.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deduction from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Customers' Advances for Construction

Customers' advances for construction are refundable to depositors over a 10-year period. Refund amounts under the contracts are based on annual revenues from the extensions. Unrefunded balances at the end of the contract period are credited to contributions in aid of construction and are no longer refundable.

### Contributions of Contributed Property and Equipment

The donor cost or appraised value of contributed property and equipment is included in contributions.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Water System is exempt from federal and state income taxes and, accordingly, the financial statements include no provision for such taxes.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 2. Utility Plant

Water utility plant activity for the year ended May 31, 2017, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Retirements		Ending Balance
Utility plant:								
Source of supply plant	\$	5,418,682	\$	47,748	\$	-	\$	5,466,430
Pumping plant		1,177,250		651		-		1,177,901
Water treatment plant		29,742,179		26,691				29,768,870
Transmission and distribution plant		38,100,550		1,347,060		(225,986)		39,221,624
General plant		4,658,886		126,465		(70,534)		4,714,817
Unclassified plant in service		1,539,914		213,988		-		1,753,902
Total, at original cost		80,637,461		1,762,603	_	(296,520)		82,103,544
Accumulated depreciation:		13						
Source of supply plant		(2,266,477)		(184,282)				(2,450,759)
Pumping plant		(778,693)		(29,881)				(808,574)
Water treatment plant		(15,414,751)		(776,341)				(16,191,092)
Transmission and distribution plant		(16,210,800)		(1,530,556)		(227,496)		(17,513,860)
General plant		(3,298,807)		(324,348)		(66,568)		(3,556,587)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(37,969,528)	_	(2,845,408)	_	(294,064)		(40,520,872)
Construction in progress		3,271,652	_	1,118,899	_			4,390,551
Utility plant, net	\$_	45,939,585	\$_	36,094	\$_	(2,456)	\$_	45,973,223

Depreciation expense for the years ended May 31 was as follows:

		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Water utility plant Transportation depreciation charged to construction	* \$	2,755,408	\$	2,660,514
activities or other operating expenses	_	90,000		90,000
	\$_	2,845,408	\$_	2,750,514

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at May 31 consist of the following:

		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable	\$	7,651,356 2,188,732 17,698	\$ 9,387,480 2,223,395 5,385
	\$_	9,857,786	\$ 11,616,260
The above balances are contained in the following funds:			
Sinking Fund Renewal and Replacement Fund Construction Fund	\$	3,183,700 338 6,673,748	\$ 3,171,622 7 8,444,631
99 a	\$.	9,857,786	\$ 11,616,260

Under the terms of the Water Revenue Bond ordinances, interest income from the temporary investment of the Water System's restricted assets must be credited to the various restricted asset funds. In addition, whenever all specified and required payments and transfers into the restricted asset funds have been made as provided in the Water Revenue Bond ordinances and there is a balance in excess of the estimated amounts required to pay current month operation and maintenance costs (approximately \$684,000 at May 31, 2017), all or any part of such excess may be used for any lawful purpose related to the Water System.

The Water System follows GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investments Pools" (GASB 31), which requires certain investments to be carried at fair value in the balance sheets and changes in the fair value of investments to be reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets. In accordance with GASB 31, the Water System recorded unrealized gains (losses) of (\$43,450) and \$47,647 for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Water System's rate making methodology does not consider unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities in its rate making process. Accordingly, under FASB ASC 980, Regulated Operations, the unrealized losses for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, have been deferred.

The net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments consists of the following:

		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net realized gains (losses) on sales of investments Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments	<b>\$</b> _	(43,450)	\$  - 47,647
	\$_	(43,450)	\$ 47,647

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 3. Restricted Assets, Continued

The calculation of realized gains or losses on sales of investments is independent of the calculation of the net change in the fair value of investments. Realized gains or losses on investments that were held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current year were included as a net change in the fair value of investments reported in prior years and the current year.

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments

At May 31, the carrying amounts of the Water System's deposits in financial institutions and investments other than deposits were:

	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Deposits in financial institutions Investments other than deposits	\$ 9,379,521 4,986,417	\$	11,472,305 3,594,257
	\$ 14,365,938	\$_	15,066,562

These amounts are reflected in the statements of net position as:

		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,256,269	\$	2,084,825
Investments		3,269,581		1,370,862
Restricted assets:		=		
Cash and cash equivalents		7,651,356		9,387,480
Investments	_	2,188,732	· // -	2,223,395
	<b>\$</b> _	14,365,938	\$_	15,066,562

Deposit and Investment Policy. The Water System's deposit and investment policy prescribes to the prudent-person rule: Investments shall be made with applicable law and under prevailing circumstances which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital, as well as the probable income to be derived.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Water System's deposits may not be returned to it. The Water System's deposit and investment policy permits uncollateralized deposits only if issued by institutions ranked in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. As of May 31, 2017, \$9,357,536 of the Water System's bank balance of \$9,384,970 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments, Continued

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	-
Uninsured with collateral held by pledging bank's agent		9,357,536
Total	\$_	9,357,536

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Water System's Investments consist of U.S. agency securities, which utilize Level 2 inputs for fair value measurements. Fair value is based upon externally developed models that use rates and prices of similar securities, due to the limited market activity of the securities.

As of May 31, 2017, the Water System had the following investments, which are reported at fair value:

<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	
Federal Home Loan Bank – Callable	12/28/2018 thru	
	04/26/2022	\$ 1,776,956
Federal Farm Credit Bank - Callable	09/20/2018 thru	
	12/16/2024	3,209,461
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	06/17/2021 thru	
=	05/24/2022	471,896
		\$_5,458,313

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Water Works System's deposit and investment policy limits investment maturities based upon provisions of bond ordinances.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments, Continued

Credit Risk. The Water System's deposit and investment policy authorizes the investment of funds in any manner permitted by bond ordinances and the Kentucky Revised Statutes and does not further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Other than the prudent-person rule, the Water System's deposit and investment policy places no limit on the amount the Water System may invest in any one issuer. All of the Water System's investments, other than deposits, are in U.S. agency securities at May 31, 2017.

### 5. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended May 31, 2017, was as follows:

						(G) =			Amounts	
		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:										
Series of 2009	\$	19,160,000	\$	-	\$	(5,895,000)	\$	13,265,000	\$	-
Series of 2014		9,005,000		-		(735,000)		8,270,000		750,000
Series of 2015		5,385,000		-		(35,000)		5,350,000		30,000
Series of 2016		-		6,590,000				6,590,000		80,000
		33,550,000		6,590,000		(6,665,000)		33,475,000		860,000
Add unamortized										
debt premium	-	383,477	-	25,143		(94,542)		314,078	_	
Total bonds payable	\$_3	33,933,477	\$	6,615,143	\$	(6,759,542)	\$_	33,789,078	\$_	860,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

### 5. Long-Term Debt, Continued

Long-term debt at May 31 consists of the following Water Revenue Bonds:

	2017		2016
Series of 2009: 5.0% to 5.25%, due serially September 15, 2018 to 2035	\$ 13,265,000	\$	19,160,000
Series of 2014: 1.75% to 3.9%, due serially September 15, 2015 to 2038	8,270,000		9,005,000
Series of 2015: 3.0% to 4.0%, due serially September 15, 2016 to 2040	5,350,000		5,385,000
Series of 2016: 2.0% to 3.0%, due serially September 15, 2017 to 2035	6,590,000		•
Total long-term debt	33,475,000		33,550,000
Less current maturities	(860,000)		(770,000)
Add unamortized debt premium	314,078	_	383,477
	\$ 32,929,078	\$ _	33,163,477

Sinking fund requirements and scheduled aggregate maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Ye	ear Ending May 31:			<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>		Total
	2018		\$	860,000	\$ 1,309,626	\$	2,169,626
	2019			890,000	1,285,020		2,175,020
	2020			915,000	1,253,320		2,168,320
	2021			950,000	1,222,508		2,172,508
	2022			985,000	1,189,533		2,174,533
	2023 - 2027			5,490,000	5,365,963		10,855,963
	2028 - 2032			6,730,000	4,130,397		10,860,397
	2033 – 2037			8,415,000	2,495,184		10,910,184
	2038 – 2042		_	8,240,000	644,090		8,884,090
			\$_	33,475,000	\$ 18,895,641	\$ .	52,370,641

The Water System is subject to certain debt covenants, compliance with which is required by the ordinances authorizing its bond issues. Such ordinances require revenue to be first applied to the Sinking Fund, next to the Operations and Maintenance Fund, and, finally, to the Renewal and Replacement Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 5. Long-Term Debt, Continued

On February 5, 2009, the City issued \$19,160,000 of Water Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2009, dated February 5, 2009. The 2009 Bonds were issued to refund a portion of the 1999 series bonds, to fund various capital improvement expenditures for the Water System and to fully fund the Bond Reserve Account. The in-substance defeasance of the 1999 Bonds was accomplished by placing approximately \$11,803,854 in proceeds from the 2009 Bonds and \$591,666 in funds from the 1999 Bond Sinking Fund in an irrevocable escrow fund to be used solely for satisfying scheduled debt service payments of the 1999 Bonds. Accordingly, 1999 Bonds in the amount of \$12,120,000, net of unamortized discount and issuance costs of \$181,145 and accrued interest payable of \$214,591, were extinguished resulting in the accounting recognition of a loss from defeasance of \$242,074, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a reduction of long-term debt. The City advance refunded the 1999 bonds to extend the repayment period of the bonds and reduce its near term annual debt payments. The advance refunding resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$476,174.

The Series 2009 Bonds maturing on and after September 15, 2019, are subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part on September 15, 2018, and on any date thereafter, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

On June 12, 2014, the City issued \$9,730,000 of Water Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2014, dated July 31, 2014. The 2014 Bonds were issued to refund all 1999 and 2003 series bonds due after September 15, 2014, and to fund various capital improvement expenditures for the Water System. The in-substance defeasance of the 1999 and 2003 Bonds was accomplished by placing \$3,835,802 in proceeds from the 2014 Bonds and \$40,700 in funds from the 1999 and 2003 Bond Sinking Funds in an irrevocable escrow fund to be used solely for satisfying scheduled debt service payments of the 1999 and 2003 Bonds. Accordingly, 1999 and 2003 Bonds in the amount of \$1,305,000 and \$2,510,000, respectively, net of unamortized discount and issuance costs of \$60,176 and accrued interest payable of \$47,483, were extinguished resulting in the accounting recognition of a loss from defeasance of \$74,195, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources. The City advance refunded the 1999 and 2003 bonds to reduce the effective rate on the debt. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$252,617.

The Series 2014 Bonds maturing on and after September 15, 2023, are subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part on September 15, 2022, and on any date thereafter, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 5. Long-Term Debt, Continued

On December 16, 2015, the City issued \$5,385,000 of Water Revenue Improvement Bonds, Series 2015, dated December 1, 2015. The 2015 Bonds were issued to provide funds for the various capital improvement expenditures for the Water System and to fully fund the Bond Reserve Account. The Series 2015 Bonds maturing on and after September 15, 2024, are subject to redemption in whole or in part on September 15, 2023, and on any date thereafter, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

On June 8, 2016, the City issued \$6,590,000 of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, dated June 8, 2016. The 2016 Bonds were issued to refund a portion of the outstanding Series 2009 Bonds. The in-substance defeasance of the 2009 Bonds was accomplished by placing \$6,417,071 in proceeds from the 2014 Bonds and \$104,023 in funds from the 2009 Bond Sinking Fund in an irrevocable escrow fund to be used solely for satisfying scheduled debt service payments of the 2009 Bonds. Accordingly, 2009 Bonds in the amount of \$5,895,000, net of unamortized discount and issuance costs of \$129,024 and accrued interest payable of \$69,133, were extinguished resulting in the accounting recognition of a loss from defeasance of \$685,985, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources. The City advance refunded the 2009 bonds to reduce the effective rate on the debt. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$771,709.

The Series 2016 Bonds maturing on and after September 15, 2025, are subject to redemption in whole or in part on September 15, 2024, and on any date thereafter, at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

All bonds are secured by a pledge of, and are payable from, the gross revenues derived from the operation of the Water System and are secured by the statutory mortgage lien as provided and authorized by the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of defeased bond issues has been deferred and is being amortized using the straight-line method over the lives of the defeased bond issues.

#### 6. Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

The Water System contributes to the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) that covers all regular full-time members employed in

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Pension Plan, Continued

#### Plan Description, Continued

nonhazardous positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (Board). CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CERS provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members through its pension fund. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Retirement benefits are determined using a formula which considers the member's final compensation; benefit factors set by statute which vary depending upon the type / amount of service, participation date, and retirement date; and years of service. Plan members with a participation date prior to September 1, 2008, are eligible to retire with full benefits at any time with 27 or more years of service credit, or at age 65 with at least 48 months of service credit. Plan members with a participation date on or after September 1, 2008, are eligible to retire with full benefits at age 57 if the member's age and years of service equal 87, or at age 65 with at least 60 months of service credit. Plan members with participation date on or after January 1, 2014, are eligible for retirement benefits under the provisions established for a hybrid Cash Balance Plan.

CERS also provides for retiree medical benefits through its insurance fund. Generally accepted accounting and financial reporting principles do not currently require recognition and reporting of the liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense associated with this postemployment benefit. Therefore, such information has not been reflected in these financial statements.

#### Contributions

Per Kentucky Revised Statues Section 78.545(33), contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the KRS Board. Plan members who began participating in CERS prior to September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation to the pension fund. For Plan members who began participating in CERS on or after September 1, 2008, the contribution rate is 6%, of which 1% is contributed to the insurance fund. The Water System's actuarially determined contribution rate as of May 31, 2017, was 18.68% of annual creditable compensation, of which 13.95% and 4.73% was contributed to the pension and insurance funds within CERS, respectively. Contributions to CERS pension fund by the Water System were \$407,575 for the year ended May 31, 2017.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Pension Plan, Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At May 31, 2017, the Water System reported a liability of \$6,095,910 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Water System's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Water System's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2016, measurement date, the Water System's proportion was 0.123810%, an increase of 0.002887% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2015, of 0.120923%.

For the year ended May 31, 2017, the Water System recognized pension expense of \$801,218. At May 31, 2017, the Water System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	× (	\$	26,613	\$ -
Changes of assumptions			322,929	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions			83,939	70,067
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments			573,078	-
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date			508,328	<del>_</del>
Total	\$	<u> </u>	1,514,887	\$ 70,067

The \$508,328 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Water System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending May 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Pension Plan, Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued</u>

Year ending May 31,

2018			\$	331,135
2019				240,444
2020				237,597
2021			_	127,316
			\$_	936,492

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

3.25%

Salary increases

4.0% average, including inflation

Investment rate

of return

7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%, which was unchanged from the prior year rate. The discount rate does not use a municipal bond rate.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Pension Plan, Continued

#### **Projected Cash Flows**

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 27 year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period.

#### Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for CERS. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense, and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which cover a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

### Periods of Projected Benefit Payments

Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2117.

#### Assumed Asset Allocation

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 6. Pension Plan, Continued

#### Assumed Asset Allocation, Continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	92
Combined equity	44%	5.40%	
Combined fixed income	. 19	1.50	
Real return (diversified inflation strategies)	10	3.50	
Real estate	5	4.50	
Absolute return (diversified hedge funds)	10	4.25	
Private equity	10	8.50	
Cash equivalents	2	-0.25	
Total	100%		

Sensitivity of the Water System's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Water System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Water System's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		Water System's proportionate share of net pension		
	Discount rate	liability		
1% decrease	6.50%	\$7,596,491		
Current discount rate	7.50%	\$6,095,910		
1% increase	8.50%	\$4,809,613		

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the CERS fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

At May 31, 2017, the Water System reported a payable of \$63,561 for the outstanding amount of contributions due to CERS for the year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016

#### 7. Post-employment Health Care Benefits

#### Plan Description

The Water System contributes to the Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance fund (Insurance Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for members receiving benefits from the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS), the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), and the State Police Retirement System (SPRS). The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payments of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance, based on years of service, for retirees and certain eligible beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Kentucky General Assembly. KRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

#### **Funding Policy**

Per Kentucky Revised Statues 78.545(33), contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the KRS Board. The Water System was required to contribute at actuarially determined rates of 4.73%, 4.64%, and 4.92% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. Members hired after September 1, 2008, contribute 1% to the Insurance Fund. The Water System's contributions to the Insurance Fund for the years ending May 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$138,196, \$132,955, and \$139,262, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

#### 8. Dividends - City of Owensboro

The Water System transfers to the City each year a sum equal to the dollar value of services purchased by the City from the Water System.

#### 9. Major Customers

Water revenues from three rural water district customers in Daviess County, Kentucky, under wholesale supply agreements totaled approximately \$2,344,000 and \$2,020,000 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### 10. Risk Management

OMU is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. OMU manages its risks through coverages provided by private insurance carriers for various risks of losses to which it is exposed, including directors and officers, employee dishonesty, workers' compensation, and other property risks. OMU is self-insured for group health and limits its risks of loss by purchasing reinsurance coverage.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

		<u>2017</u>	2016	<u>2015</u>
Water System's proportion of the net pension liability		0.123810%	0.120923%	0.126427%
Water System's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,095,910	\$ 5,199,116	\$ 4,101,776
Water System's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,869,077	\$ 2,803,919	\$ 2,920,692
Water System's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	a a	212.47%	185.42%	140.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		55.50%	59.97%	59.31%

<sup>\*</sup> Presented for those years for which the information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

		2017	<u>2016</u>	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	407,575 \$	355,884 \$	363,125
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	ns _	(407,575)	(355,884)	(363,125)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$	\$_	-
- " §"				
Water System's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,941,934 \$	2,815,932 \$	2,838,215
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.85%	12.64%	12.79%

<sup>\*</sup> Presented for those years for which the information is available.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year Ended May 31, 2017

Changes	of Benefit	Terms

None

Changes of Assumptions

None